

# Control Command list (ESC/POS)

Rev 1.8

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## 1. Command Summary [ESC/POS Emulation Mode]

Control	Hex	Function
HT	09	Horizontal tab
LF	0A	Print line feed
FF	0C	Print page mode data and return
CR	0D	Print and carriage return.
DLE EOT	10 04	Real time transmission of status
DLE ENQ	10 05	Real time request to printer
CAN	18	Cancel print data in page mode
ESC FF	1B FF	Print page mode data
ESC SP	1B 20	Set right space amount of character
ESC !	1B 21	Universal print mode designation
ESC \$	1B 24	Designate absolute printing
ESC %	1B 25	Designate/cancel download character set
ESC &	1B 26	Define download characters
ESC *	1B 2A	Designate bit image mode
ESC -	1B 2D	Designate/cancel underline
ESC 2	1B 32	Set 1/6 inch line feed amount
ESC 3	1B 33	Set line feed amount
ESC =	1B 3D	Select peripheral equipment
ESC ?	1B 3F	Delete download characters
ESC @	1B 40	Initialize printer
ESC D	1B 44	Set horizontal tab position
ESC E	1B 45	Designate/cancel emphasized print
ESC G	1B 47	Designate/cancel double print
ESC J	1B 4A	Print and paper feed
ESC L	1B 4C	Select page mode
ESC M	1B 4D	Select character font
ESC R	1B 52	Select international characters
ESC S	1B 53	Select standard mode
ESC T	1B 54	Select character print direction in print mode
ESC V	1B 56	Designate/cancel 90° character rotation
ESC W	1B 57	Set print range in page mode
ESC \	1B 5C	Designate relative position

1. Command Summary [ESC/POS Emulation Mode] - continue

Control	Hex	Function
ESC a	1B 61	Align position
ESC c4	1B 63 34	Select no valid paper detector at print stop
ESC c5	1B 63 35	Enable/disable panel switch
ESC d	1B 64	Print and paper feed "n" lines
ESC p	1B 70	Designate pulse generation
ESC t	1B 74	Select character code table
ESC {	1B 7B	Designate/cancel inverted printing
FS p	1C 70	Print NV bit image
FS q	1C 71	Define NV bit image
GS !	1D 21	Designate character size
GS \$	1D 24	Designate absolute position of vertical direction of characters in page mode
GS ( A	1D 28 41	Execute test print
GS ( C	1D 28 43	Edit user NV memory
GS ( D	1D 28 44	Enable/disable real-time command
GS ( E	1D 28 45	Set user setup commands
GS ( F	1D 28 46	Sets the value for the adjustment of paper cutting position after sensing BM. ( <i>m = 2</i> )
GS ( F	1D 28 46	Sets the black mark paper format. ( <i>m = 112</i> )
GS ( K	1D 28 4B	Select print control method(s)
GS ( L	1D 28 4C	Set graphics data
GS ( M	1D 28 4D	Customize printer
GS ( N	1D 28 4E	Print characters in the color specified by m.
GS ( k	1D 28 6B	Setup and print symbol ( <i>2D-Barcode</i> )
GS *	1D 2A	Define download bit image
GS /	1D 2F	Print download bit image
GS :	1D 3A	Start/finish macro definition
GS B	1D 42	Designate/cancel reverse printing
GS H	1D 48	Select print position of HRI characters ( <i>1D-Barcode</i> )
GS I	1D 49	Printer ID transmission
GS L	1D 4C	Set left margin
GS P	1D 50	Set basic calculated pitch
GS V	1D 56	Paper cut

1. Command Summary [*ESC/POS Emulation Mode*] - continue

Control	Hexadecimal Codes	Function
GS W	1D 57	Set print range
GS ^	1D 5E	Execute macro
GS a	1D 61	Enable/disable automatic status transmission
GS f	1D 66	Select HRI character font ( <i>1D-Barcode</i> )
GS h	1D 68	Set bar code height ( <i>1D-Barcode</i> )
GS k	1D 6B	Printing of bar code ( <i>1D-Barcode</i> )
GS r	1D 72	Transmission of status
GS v	1D 76	Print raster bit image
GS w	1D 77	Set lateral size of bar code ( <i>1D-Barcode</i> )
RS	1E	Beep the buzzer

**2. Control Command**

**HT**

[Name] Horizontal Tab.

[Format] ASCII HT  
 Hex 09  
 Decimal 9

[Description] Move the print position to the next horizontal tab position.

**LF**

[Name] Print and line feed.

[Format] ASCII LF  
 Hex 0A  
 Decimal 10

[Description] Print the data in the print buffer and feeds one line based on the current line spacing.

**FF**

[Name] Print and return to standard mode in page mode.

[Format] ASCII FF  
 Hex 0C  
 Decimal 12

[Description] Print the data in the print buffer collectively and returns to standard mode.

**CR**

[Name] Print and carriage return.

[Format] ASCII CR  
 Hex 0D  
 Decimal 13

[Description] This command is ignored.

**CAN**

[Name] Cancel print data in page mode.

[Format] ASCII CAN  
 Hex 18  
 Decimal 24

[Description] In page mode, deletes all the print data in the current printable area.

## 2. Control Command - continue

DLE EOT  $n$ 

[Name] Transmit real-time status.

[Format]	ASCII	DLE	EOT	$n$
	Hex	10	04	$n$
	Decimal	16	4	$n$

[Range]  $1 \leq n \leq 4$ [Description] Transmit the selected printer status specified by  $n$  in real time, according to the following parameters:[ $n = 1$  : Printer status]

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.
1	ON	02	2	Not used, Fixed to on.
2	OFF	00	0	Drawer open/close signal is LOW (connector pin 3).
	ON	04	4	Drawer open/close signal is HIGH (connector pin 3).
3	OFF	00	0	On-line.
	ON	08	8	Off-line.
4	ON	10	16	Not used, Fixed to on.
5	-	-	-	Undefined.
6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.

[ $n = 2$  : Off-line status]

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.
1	ON	02	2	Not used, Fixed to on.
2	OFF	00	0	Cover is closed.
	ON	04	4	Cover is open.
3	OFF	00	0	Paper is not being fed by using the PAPER FEED button.
	ON	08	8	Paper is being fed by the PAPER FEED button.
4	ON	10	16	Not used, Fixed to on.
5	OFF	00	0	No paper-end stops.
	ON	20	32	Printing stops due to paper end.
6	OFF	00	0	No error.
	ON	40	64	Error occurs.
7	OFF	00	00	Not used, Fixed to off.

- Bit 5 : Becomes on when the paper end sensor detects paper end and printing stops.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**DLE EOT *n*** - continue

[*n* = 3 : Error status]

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.
1	ON	02	2	Not used, Fixed to on.
2	-	-	-	Undefined.
3	OFF	00	0	No auto-cutter error.
	ON	08	8	Auto-cutter error occurs.
4	ON	10	16	Not used, Fixed to on.
5	OFF	00	0	No unrecoverable error.
	ON	20	32	Unrecoverable error occurs.
6	OFF	00	0	No auto-recoverable error.
	ON	40	64	Auto recoverable error occurs.
7	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.

- Bit 5 : If these errors occur due to paper jams or the like, it is possible to recover by correcting the cause of the error and executing DLE ENQ  $n(1 \leq n \leq 2)$ . If an error due to a circuit failure (e.g. wire break) occurs, it is impossible to recover.
- Bit 6 : When printing is stopped due to high print head temperature until the print head temperature drops sufficiently or when the paper roll cover is open during printing, Bit 6 is on.

[*n* = 4 : Continuous paper sensor status]

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.
1	ON	02	2	Not used, Fixed to on.
2	OFF	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor, Paper adequate.
3	ON	0C	12	Paper near-end is detected by the paper roll near-end sensor.
4	ON	10	16	Not used, Fixed to on.
5	OFF	00	0	Not roll end sensor, Paper present.
6	ON	60	96	Paper is detected by the paper roll end sensor.
7	OFF	00	0	Not used, Fixed to off.

**2. Control Command** - continue**DLE ENQ  $n$** 

[Name] Real-time is request to printer.

[Format]      ASCII      DLE      ENQ       $n$   
                  Hex        10        05         $n$   
                  Decimal 16        5          $n$

[Range]       $1 \leq n \leq 2$ 

[Description] Recover from an error and restart printing from the line where the error occurred

$n$	Request
0	Works the same as when the paper FEED button is pressed once during waiting status during the operation of the GS ^ command.
1	Recovers from an error and restarts printing from the line where the error occurred.
2	Recovers from an error after clearing receive and print buffers.

**DLE DC4  $fn m t$  ( $fn = 1$ )**

[Name]      Generate pulse in real-time

[Format]      ASCII      DLE      DC4       $fn$        $m$        $t$   
                  HEX        10        14        1         $m$        $t$   
                  Decimal 16        20        1         $m$        $t$

[Range]       $0 \leq m \leq 8$  $1 \leq t \leq 8$ [Description] Output the pulse specified by  $t$  in real-time to the connector pin specified by  $m$  as follows:

$m$	Connector Pin #
0	2 (Generally, Drawer No.1)
1	5 (Generally, Drawer No.2)

- The pulse ON time and OFF time is set to  $[t \times 100 \text{ ms}]$ .

**DLE DC4  $fn a b$  ( $fn = 2$ )**

[Name]      Execute power-off sequence

[Format]      ASCII      DLE      DC4       $fn$        $a$        $b$   
                  HEX        10        14        2         $a$        $b$   
                  Decimal 16        20        2         $a$        $b$

[Range]       $a = 1$  $b = 8$ 

[Description] Execute the printer power-off.



**2. Control Command** - continue

**DLE DC4 *fn d1 ... d7* (*fn* = 8)**

[Name] Clear buffer(s)

[Format] ASCII DLE DC4 *fn d1... d7*  
 HEX 10 14 2 *d1... d7*  
 Decimal 16 20 2 *d1... d7*

[Range] *d1* = 1 *d2* = 3 *d3* = 20 *d4* = 1 *d5* = 6 *d7* = 2 *d8* = 8

[Description] Clear all data stored in the receive buffer and the print buffer.

- Transmits the following three bytes of data

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	25H	37	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- Enter standard mode.

**ESC FF**

[Name] Print data in page mode

[Format] ASCII ESC FF  
 Hex 1B 0C  
 Decimal 27 12

[Description] In page mode, print all buffered data in the printing area collectively.

**ESC SP *n***

[Name] Set right-side character spacing.

[Format] ASCII ESC SP *n*  
 Hex 1B 20 *n*  
 Decimal 27 32 *n*

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Set the character spacing for the right side of the character to [*n* x horizontal or vertical motion units].

## 2. Control Command - continue

**ESC ! *n***

[Name] Select print modes.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	!	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	21	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	33	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$ [Default]  $n = 0$ [Description] Select print mode(s) using *n* as follows:

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Character <i>font A</i> (12 x 24)
	On	01	1	Character <i>font B</i> (9 x 17)
1	-	-	-	Undefined.
2	-	-	-	Undefined.
3	Off	00	0	<i>Emphasized</i> mode not selected.
	On	08	8	<i>Emphasized</i> mode selected.
4	Off	00	0	<i>Double-height</i> mode not selected.
	On	10	16	<i>Double-height</i> mode selected.
5	Off	00	0	<i>Double-width</i> mode not selected.
	On	20	32	<i>Double-width</i> mode selected.
6	-	-	-	Undefined.
7	Off	00	0	<i>Underline</i> mode not selected.
	On	80	128	<i>Underline</i> mode selected.

**ESC \$ *nL nH***

[Name] Set absolute print position.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	\$	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Hex	1B	24	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Decimal	27	36	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq nL \leq 255$  $0 \leq nH \leq 255$ 

[Description] Set the distance from the beginning of the line to the position at which subsequent characters are to be printed.

The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is  $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times (\text{vertical or horizontal motion unit})]$  inches.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC % *n***

[Name] Select/Cancel user-defined character set.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	%	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	25	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	37	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Select or cancel the user-defined character set.

- When the LSB of *n* is 0, the user-defined character set is canceled.
- When the LSB of *n* is 1, the user-defined character set is selected.

**ESC & *y c1 c2 [x1 d1...d(y × x1)]...[xk d1...d(y × xk)]***

[Name] Define user-defined characters.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	&	<i>y</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[x1 d1...d(y × x1)]...[xk d1...d(y × xk)]</i>
	Hex	1B	26	<i>y</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[x1 d1...d(y × x1)]...[xk d1...d(y × xk)]</i>
	Decimal	27	38	<i>y</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[x1 d1...d(y × x1)]...[xk d1...d(y × xk)]</i>

[Range]  $y = 3$

$32 \leq c1 \leq c2 \leq 126$

$0 \leq x \leq 12$  Font A (12 × 24)

$0 \leq x \leq 9$  Font B (9 × 17)

$0 \leq d1 \dots d(y \times xk) \leq 255$

[Description] Define user-defined characters.

- *y* specifies the number of bytes in the vertical direction.
- *c1* specifies the beginning character code for the definition, and *c2* specifies the final code.
- *x* specifies the number of dots in the horizontal direction.
- *d* specifies the definition data

**ESC \* *m nL nH d1...dk***

[Name] Select bit-image mode.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	*	<i>m</i>	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>	<i>d1 ... dk</i>
	Hex	1B	2A	<i>m</i>	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>	<i>d1 ... dk</i>
	Decimal	27	42	<i>m</i>	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>	<i>d1 ... dk</i>

[Range]  $m = 0, 1, 32, 33$

$1 \leq (nL + nH \times 256) \leq 1023$  (  $0 \leq nL \leq 255, 0 \leq nH \leq 3$  )

$0 \leq d \leq 255$

**2. Control Command** - continue**ESC \* m nL nH d1...dk** - continue[Description] Select a bit-image mode using *m* for the number of dots specified by *nL* and *nH*, as follows:

<i>m</i>	Mode	Vertical Direction		Horizontal Direction	
		Number of Dots	Dot Density (DPI)	Dot Density (DPI)	Number of Data(k)
0	8-dot single-density	8	180/3 or 203/3	180/2 or 203/2	$nL + nH \times 256$
1	8-dot double-density	8	180/3 or 203/3	180 or 203	$nL + nH \times 256$
32	24-dot single-density	24	180 or 203	180/2 or 203/2	$(nL + nH \times 256) \times 3$
33	24-dot double-density	24	180 or 203	180 or 203	$(nL + nH \times 256) \times 3$

- The model corresponding to “180 DPI(including 180/2 DPI and 180/3 DPI)” is as follows
  - ELLIX30II/40II Series, ELLIX35II/45II Series, ELLIX30III/35III Series, GIANT-100 and GIANT PRO Printers.
- The model corresponding to “203 DPI(including 203/2 DPI and 203/3 DPI)” is as follows
  - ELLIX32/37/42 Series, ELLIX32III and GIANT-150 Printers.

**ESC \_ n**

[Name] Turn underline mode on/off.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	_	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	2D	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	45	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 2$   
 $48 \leq n \leq 50$

[Default]  $n = 0$ [Description] Turn underline mode on or off, based on the following values of *n*:

<i>n</i>	Function
0, 48	Turn off underline mode.
1, 49	Turn on underline mode (1-dot thick).
2, 50	Turn on underline mode (2-dots thick).

**ESC 2**

[Name] Select default line spacing.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	2
	Hex	1B	32
	Decimal	27	50

[Description] Select 1/6-inch line (180DPI : approximately 4.23 mm, 203 DPI : approximately 3.75 mm) spacing.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC 3 *n***

[Name] Set line spacing.

[Format] ASCII ESC 3 *n*  
 Hex 1B 33 *n*  
 Decimal 27 51 *n*

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default] 1/6 " (180 DPI : Approximately 4.23 mm, 203 DPI : Approximately 3.75 mm)

[Description] Set the line spacing to [*n* × vertical or horizontal motion unit] inches.

**ESC = *n***

[Name] Set peripheral device.

[Format] ASCII ESC = *n*  
 Hex 1B 3D *n*  
 Decimal 27 61 *n*

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 1$

[Description] Select device to which host computer sends data, using *n* as follows:

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Printer disabled.
	On	01	1	Printer enabled.
1-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

**ESC ? *n***

[Name] Cancel user-defined characters.

[Format] ASCII ESC ? *n*  
 Hex 1B 3F *n*  
 Decimal 27 63 *n*

[Range]  $32 \leq n \leq 126$

[Description] Cancel user-defined characters.

**ESC @**

[Name] Initialize printer.

[Format] ASCII ESC @  
 Hex 1B 40  
 Decimal 27 64

[Description] Clear the data in the print buffer and reset the printer mode to the mode that was in effect when the power was turned on.

**2. Control Command** - continue**ESC D  $n1...nk$  NUL**

[Name] Set horizontal tab positions.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	D	$n1...nk$	NUL
	Hex	1B	44	$n1...nk$	00
	Decimal	27	68	$n1...nk$	0

[Range]  $1 \leq n \leq 255$

$0 \leq k \leq 32$

[Default]  $n = 8, 16, 24, 32, 40 \dots 232, 240, 248$

[Description] Set horizontal tab position.

- $n$  specifies the column number for setting a horizontal tab position from the beginning of the line.
- $k$  indicates the total number of horizontal tab positions to be set.

**ESC E  $n$** 

[Name] Turn emphasized mode on/off.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	E	$n$
	Hex	1B	45	$n$
	Decimal	27	69	$n$

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Turn emphasized mode on or off.

- When the LSB is 0, emphasized mode is turned off.
- When the LSB is 1, emphasized mode is turned on.

**ESC G  $n$** 

[Name] Turn on/off double-strike mode.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	G	$n$
	Hex	1B	47	$n$
	Decimal	27	71	$n$

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Turn double-strike mode on or off.

- When the LSB is 0, double-strike mode is turned off.
- When the LSB is 1, double-strike mode is turned on.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC J *n***

[Name] Print and feed paper.

[Format]    ASCII    ESC    J        *n*  
               Hex     1B     4A        *n*  
               Decimal 27     74        *n*

[Range]     $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Description] Print the data in the print buffer and feeds the paper [*n* × vertical or horizontal motion unit] inches unit.

**ESC L**

[Name]        Select page mode

[Format]    ASCII    ESC    L  
               Hex     1B     4C  
               Decimal 27     76

[Description] Switch from standard mode to page mode.

**ESC M *n***

[Name]        Select character font.

[Format]    ASCII    ESC    M        *n*  
               Hex     1B     4D        *n*  
               Decimal 27     77        *n*

[Range]       $n = 0, 1, 48, 49$

[Default]     $n = 0$

[Description] Select character fonts.

<i>n</i>	Function
0, 48	Character font A (12 × 24) selected.
1, 49	Character font B (9 × 17) selected.

• NOTICE : 'Font B' function is not supported in '2-Byte printer'. (Korean, Chinese, Japanese and other 2-Byte printers)

**ESC R *n***

[Name]        Select an international character set.

[Format]    ASCII    ESC    R        *n*  
               Hex     1B     52        *n*  
               Decimal 27     82        *n*

[Range]       $n = 0$   
                   $0 \leq n \leq 13$

**2. Control Command** - continue**ESC R  $n$**  - continue

[Default] Except for Korean model :  $n = 0$

For Korean model :  $n = 13$

[Description] Select an international character set  $n$  from the following table.

$n$	Character Set	$n$	Character Set
0	U.S.A.	7	Spain
1	France	8	Japan
2	Germany	9	Norway
3	U.K.	10	Denmark II
4	Denmark I	11	Spain II
5	Sweden	12	Latin America
6	Italy	13	Korea

**ESC S**

[Name] Select standard mode

[Format] ASCII    ESC    S  
 Hex        1B        53  
 Decimal    27        83

[Description] Switch from page mode to standard mode.

**ESC T  $n$** 

[Name] Select print direction in page mode

[Format] ASCII    ESC    T         $n$   
 Hex        1B        54         $n$   
 Decimal    27        84         $n$

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 3$   
 $48 \leq n \leq 51$

[Default]  $n = 0$

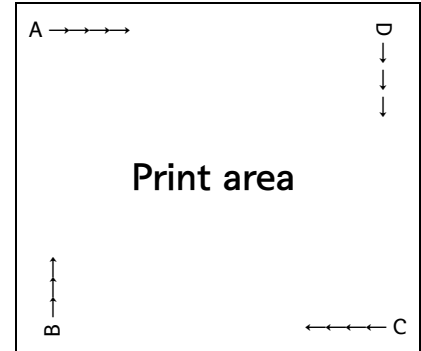


**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC T *n*** - continue

[Description] Select the print direction and starting position in page mode. *n* specifies the print direction and starting position as follows:

<i>n</i>	Print Direction	Starting Position
0, 48	Left to right	Upper left (A in the figure)
1, 49	Bottom to top	Lower left (B in the figure)
2, 50	Right to left	Lower right (C in the figure)
3, 51	Top to bottom	Upper right (D in the figure)



**ESC V *n***

[Name] Turn 90°clockwise rotation mode on/off.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	V	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	56	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	86	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 1$   
 $48 \leq n \leq 49$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Turn 90°clockwise rotation mode on/off *n* is used as follows:

<i>n</i>	Function
0, 48	Turn off 90°clockwise rotation mode.
1, 49	Turn on 90°clockwise rotation mode.
2, 50	

**ESC W *xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH***

[Name] Set printing area in page mode

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	W	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>dxL</i>	<i>dxH</i>	<i>dyL</i>	<i>dyH</i>
	Hex	1B	57	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>dxL</i>	<i>dxH</i>	<i>dyL</i>	<i>dyH</i>
	Decimal	27	87	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>dxL</i>	<i>dxH</i>	<i>dyL</i>	<i>dyH</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq (xL + xH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq xL \leq 255, 0 \leq xH \leq 255$ )  
 $0 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq yL \leq 255, 0 \leq yH \leq 255$ )  
 $1 \leq (dxL + dxH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq dxL \leq 255, 0 \leq dxH \leq 255$ )  
 $1 \leq (dyL + dyH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq dyL \leq 255, 0 \leq dyH \leq 255$ )

## 2. Control Command - continue

**ESC W *xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH*** - continue

- [Default]
- When a paper width of 80mm is selected :  $x0 = y0 = 0$ ,  $dx = 512$ ,  $dy = 1662$  (If 203 DPI models,  $dx = 576$ )
  - When a paper width of 58mm is selected :  $x0 = y0 = 0$ ,  $dx = 360$ ,  $dy = 1662$  (If 203 DPI models,  $dx = 384$ )

[Description] The horizontal starting position, vertical starting position, printing area width, and printing area height are defined as  $x0$ ,  $y0$ ,  $dx$ ,  $dy$  respectively.

- $x0 = [(xL + xH \times 256)] \times (\text{horizontal motion unit})$
- $y0 = [(yL + yH \times 256)] \times (\text{vertical motion unit})$
- $dx = [(dxL + dxH \times 256)] \times (\text{horizontal motion unit})$
- $dy = [(dyL + dyH \times 256)] \times (\text{vertical motion unit})$

**ESC \ *nL nH***

[Name] Set relative print position.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	\	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Hex	1B	5C	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Decimal	27	92	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>

[Range]

$0 \leq nL \leq 255$

$0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Set the print starting position based on the current position by using the horizontal or vertical motion unit.  
This command sets the distance from the current position to  $[(nL + nH \times 256)] \times (\text{horizontal or vertical motion unit})$

**ESC a *n***

[Name] Select justification.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	a	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	61	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	97	<i>n</i>

[Range]

$0 \leq n \leq 2$

$48 \leq n \leq 50$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Align all the data in one line to the specified position.  $n$  selects the type of justification as follows:

<i>n</i>	Justification
0, 48	Left justification
1, 49	Centering
2, 50	Right justification

**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC c 3 *n***

[Name] Select paper sensor(s) to output paper end signals.

[Format]     ASCII     ESC     c     3     *n*  
               Hex     1B     63     33     *n*  
               Decimal 27     99     51     *n*

[Range]     0 ≤ *n* ≤ 255

[Default]    *n* = 12

[Description] Select the paper sensor(s) to output paper end signals. Each bit of *n* is used as follows:

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor disabled.
	On	01	1	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled.
1	Off	00	0	Paper roll near-end sensor disabled.
	On	02	2	Paper roll near-end sensor enabled.
2	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor disabled.
	On	04	4	Paper roll end sensor enabled.
3	Off	00	0	Paper roll end sensor disabled.
	On	08	8	Paper roll end sensor enabled.
4-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

- This command is available only with a parallel interface and is ignored with a serial interface.

**ESC c 4 *n***

[Name] Select paper sensor(s) to stop printing.

[Format]     ASCII     ESC     c     4     *n*  
               Hex     1B     63     34     *n*  
               Decimal 27     99     52     *n*

[Range]     0 ≤ *n* ≤ 255

[Default]    *n* = 0

[Description] Select the paper sensor(s) used to stop printing when a paper-end is detected, using *n* as follows:

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Roll paper near-end sensor disabled.
	On	01	1	Roll paper near-end sensor enabled.
1	Off	00	0	Roll paper near-end sensor disabled.
	On	02	2	Roll paper near-end sensor enabled.
2-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

**2. Control Command** - continue**ESC c 5 *n***

[Name] Enable/Disable panel buttons.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	c	5	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	63	35	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	99	53	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$ [Default]  $n = 0$ 

[Description] Enable or disable the panel buttons.

- When the LSB is 0, the panel buttons are enabled.
- When the LSB is 1, the panel buttons are disabled.

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	OFF	00	0	FEED button enable.
	ON	01	1	FEED button disable.
1-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

**ESC d *n***[Name] Print and feed *n* lines.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	d	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1B	64	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	27	100	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$ [Description] Print the data in the print buffer and feed *n* lines.**ESC p *m t1 t2***

[Name] Generate pulse.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	p	<i>m</i>	<i>t1</i>	<i>t2</i>
	Hex	1B	70	<i>m</i>	<i>t1</i>	<i>t2</i>
	Decimal	27	112	<i>m</i>	<i>t1</i>	<i>t2</i>

[Range]  $m = 0, 1, 48, 49$  $0 \leq t1 \leq 255, \quad 0 \leq t2 \leq 255$ [Description] Output the pulse specified by *t1* & *t2* to connector pin *m* as follows:

<i>m</i>	Connector Pin
0, 48	Drawer kick-out connector pin 2
1, 49	Drawer kick-out connector pin 5

**2. Control Command** - continue

**ESC p m t1 t2** - continue

- *t1* specifies the pulse ON time as [*t1* × 2 ms] and *t2* specifies the pulse OFF time as [*t2* × 2 ms].
- If *t2* is smaller than *t1*, OFF time is set as [*t1* × 2 ms].

**ESC t n**

[Name] Select character code table.

[Format] ASCII ESC t n  
 Hex 1B 74 n  
 Decimal 27 116 n

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 5$ ,  $13 \leq n \leq 14$ ,  $16 \leq n \leq 19$ ,  $n = 21$ ,  $26 \leq n \leq 27$ ,  $33 \leq n \leq 34$ ,  $36 \leq n \leq 37$ ,  $45 \leq n \leq 47$ ,  
 $49 \leq n \leq 53$ ,  $95 \leq n \leq 99$ ,  $n = 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Select a page *n* from the character code table.

<i>n</i>	Code page	<i>n</i>	Code page
0	PC437 [U.S.A., standard Europe]	36	PC862 [Hebrew]
1	Katakana	37	PC864 [Arabic]
2	PC850 [Multilingual]	45	WPC1250
3	PC860 [Portuguese]	46	WPC1251 [Cyrillic]
4	PC863 [Canadian-French]	47	WPC1253
5	PC865 [Nordic]	49	WPC1255
13	PC857 [Turkish]	50	WPC1256
14	PC737 [Greek]	51	WPC1257 [Baltic]
16	WPC1252 (Windows CP)	52	WPC1258 [Vietnamese]
17	PC866 [Cyrillic #2]	53	KZ1048 (Kazakhstan)
18	PC852 [Latin 2]	95	Thai Industrial Standard 620 [Thai]
19	PC858 [West Euro]	96	Thai 42
21	Thai 11	97	Thai 14
26	Thai 18	98	Thai 16
27	Farsi	99	IRAN SYSTEM (Arabic)
33	PC775 [Baltic]	255	Space Page
34	PC855 [Cyrillic]		

## 2. Control Command - continue

**ESC { *n***

- [Name] Turn on/off upside-down printing mode.
- [Format]
- |         |     |     |          |
|---------|-----|-----|----------|
| ASCII   | ESC | {   | <i>n</i> |
| Hex     | 1B  | 7B  | <i>n</i> |
| Decimal | 27  | 123 | <i>n</i> |
- [Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$
- [Default]  $n = 0$
- [Description] Turn upside-down printing mode on or off.
- When the LSB is 0, upside-down printing mode is turned off.
  - When the LSB is 1, upside-down printing mode is turned on.

**FS p *n m***

- [Name] Print NV bit image
- [Format]
- |         |    |     |          |          |
|---------|----|-----|----------|----------|
| ASCII   | FS | p   | <i>n</i> | <i>m</i> |
| Hex     | 1C | 70  | <i>n</i> | <i>m</i> |
| Decimal | 28 | 112 | <i>n</i> | <i>m</i> |
- [Range]
- $1 \leq n \leq 255$
- $0 \leq m \leq 3$
- $48 \leq m \leq 51$
- [Description] Print a NV bit image *n* using the mode specified by *m*.

<i>m</i>	Mode	Horizontal scaling	Vertical scaling
0, 48	Normal	x 1	x 1
1, 49	Double-width	x 2	x 1
2, 50	Double-height	x 1	x 2
3, 51	Quadruple	x 2	x 2

- *n* is the number of the NV bit image (defined using the **FS q** command).
- *m* specifies the bit image mode.

**FS q *n [xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n***

- [Name] Define NV bit image
- [Format]
- |         |    |     |          |  |
|---------|----|-----|----------|--|
| ASCII   | FS | q   | <i>n</i> | <i>[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n</i> |
| Hex     | 1C | 71  | <i>n</i> | <i>[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n</i> |
| Decimal | 28 | 113 | <i>n</i> | <i>[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n</i> |
- [Range]
- $1 \leq n \leq 255$
- $0 \leq d \leq 255$

2. Control Command - continue

**FS q n [xL xH yL yH d1...dk]1...[xL xH yL yH d1...dk]n** - continue

[Range]  $1 \leq (xL + xH \times 256) \leq 1023$   $(0 \leq xL \leq 255, 0 \leq xH \leq 3)$

$1 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 288$   $(0 \leq yL \leq 255, yH = 0,1)$

$k = (xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256) \times 8$

- Either one of the total capacity data [ 0, 64K, 128K, 192K, 256K, 320K, 384K ] bytes can be selected by GS ( E. The default value is 384KB.

[Description] Define the NV bit image specified by *n*.

- *n* specifies the number of the defined NV bit image.
- *xL, xH* specifies  $(xL + xH \times 256) \times 8$  dots in the horizontal direction for the NV bit image you are defining.
- *yL, yH* specifies  $(yL + yH \times 256) \times 8$  dots in the vertical direction for the NV bit image you are defining.
- If this command is processed when NV graphics are defined with GS ( L or GS 8 L, deletes all NV graphics data, then defines the bit image data with this command.

**GS ! n**

[Name] Select character size.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	!	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1D	21	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	29	33	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$   $(1 \leq \text{vertical number of times} \leq 8, 1 \leq \text{horizontal number of times} \leq 8)$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Select the character height using bits 0 to 3 and selects the character width using bits 4 to 7, as following:

Bit	Function
0-3	Character height selection. See Table 2
4-7	Character width selection. See Table 1

[Table1] Character Width Selection

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	x 1 (normal)
10	16	x 2 (double-width)
20	32	x 3
30	48	x 4
40	64	x 5
50	80	x 6
60	96	x 7
70	112	x 8

[Table2] Character Height Selection

Hex	Decimal	Height
00	0	x 1 (normal)
01	1	x 2 (double-height)
02	2	x 3
03	3	x 4
04	4	x 5
05	5	x 6
06	6	x 7
07	7	x 8

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS \$ *nL nH***

[Name] Set absolute vertical print position in page mode

[Format]

ASCII	GS	\$	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
Hex	1D	24	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
Decimal	29	36	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>

[Range]

$0 \leq nL \leq 255$

$0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Set the absolute vertical print starting position for buffer character data in page mode.

This command sets the absolute print position to  $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times (\text{vertical or horizontal motion unit})]$  inches.

**GS ( *pL pH n m***

[Name] Execute test print

[Format]

ASCII	GS	(	A	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>m</i>
Hex	1D	28	41	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>m</i>
Decimal	29	40	65	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>m</i>

[Range]

$(pL + pH \times 256) = 2$  ( $pL = 2, pH = 0$ )

$0 \leq n \leq 2$

$48 \leq n \leq 50$

$1 \leq m \leq 3$

$49 \leq m \leq 51$

[Description] Execute a test print with a specified test pattern on a specified paper type (roll paper).

*n* specify the paper type as listed below to be tested :

<i>n</i>	Paper type
0, 48	Roll paper
1, 49	
2, 50	

*m* specify a test pattern as listed below :

<i>m</i>	Test pattern
1, 49	Hexadecimal dump
2, 50	Printer status print
3, 51	Rolling pattern print



**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( C *pL pH m fn b [c1 c2] [d1...dk]***

[Name] Edit user NV memory

[Description] Delete, store, and move data in the NV user memory specified by the function code *fn*.

<i>fn</i>	Format	No.	Function
0, 48	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b c1 c2</i>	0	Delete the specified record.
1, 49	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b c1 c2 d1...dk</i>	1	Store data in the specified record.
2, 50	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b c1 c2</i>	2	Transmit the data in the specified record
3, 51	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b</i>	3	Transmit the number of bytes of memory used.
4, 52	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b</i>	4	Transmit the number of bytes of remaining memory (unused area).
5, 53	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b</i>	5	Transmit the key code list identifying the stored record.
6, 54	GS ( C <i>pL pH m fn b d1 d2 d3</i>	6	Delete all data in the NV user memory.

- *pL, pH* specify ( $pL + pH \times 256$ ) for the number of bytes after *pH* (*m, fn, b, [c1 c2], [d1...dk]*).  
(*c1, c2* specify the key code which identifies the record).

**GS ( C *pL pH m fn b c1 c2* (*fn* = 0, 48) **Function 0****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	C	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>
	Hex	1D	28	43	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>
	Decimal	29	40	67	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>

[Range] ( $pL + pH \times 256$ ) = 5 ( $pL = 5, pH = 0$ )  
*m* = 0      *b* = 0  
 $32 \leq c1 \leq 126$   
 $32 \leq c2 \leq 126$

[Description] Delete the specified record specified by *c1* and *c2* in the NV user memory.

**GS ( C *pL pH m fn b c1 c2 d1...dk* (*fn* = 1, 49) **Function 1****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	C	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>
	Hex1D	28	43	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>	
	Decimal	29	40	67	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>

[Range]  $6 \leq (pL + pH \times 256) \leq 65535$       ( $0 \leq pL \leq 255, 0 \leq pH \leq 255$ )  
*m* = 0      *b* = 0  
 $32 \leq c1 \leq 126$        $32 \leq c2 \leq 126$        $32 \leq d \leq 254$   
*k* = ( $pL + pH \times 256$ ) - 5

[Description] Store the data in the record specified by *c1* and *c2* in the NV user memory.  
 The new data overwrites the data already stored, if there is data already stored.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( C  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $b$   $c1$   $c2$  ( $fn = 2, 50$ ) **Function 2****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$c1$	$c2$
	Hex1D	28	43	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$c1$	$c2$	
	Decimal	29	40	67	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$c1$	$c2$

[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 5$	$(\rho L = 5, \rho H = 0)$
	$m = 0$	$32 \leq c1 \leq 126$
	$b = 0$	$32 \leq c2 \leq 126$

[Description] Transmit data for the record specified by  $c1$ ,  $c2$  in the NV user memory.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	70H	112	1 byte
Status	40H or 41H	64 or 65	1 byte
Data	20H - FEH	32 - 254	0 through 80 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- If the specified record cannot be detected, the following data is transmitted:

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	70H	112	1 byte
Status	40H	64	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- After [Header - NUL] is transmitted, the printer receives a response from the host: Then it performs the process defined in the response. See the tables below. When the status (existence of the next data block) is Hexadecimal = 41H / Decimal = 65

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Transmits the next data
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again
CAN	24	Ends the process

- When the status (existence of the next data block) is Hexadecimal = 40H / Decimal = 64

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Ends the process
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again
CAN	24	Cancel the process

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( C  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $b$  ( $fn = 3, 51$ ) **Function 3****

[Format]     ASCII     GS     (     C      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$   
                  Hex     1D     28     43      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$   
                  Decimal     29     40     67      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$

[Range]      $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$       $(\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0)$   
                   $m = 0$   
                   $b = 0$

[Description]     Transmit the number of bytes of memory used in the NV user memory.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	28H	40	1 byte
Number of Bytes of Memory Used	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 6 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

**GS ( C  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $b$  ( $fn = 4, 52$ ) **Function 4****

[Format]     ASCII     GS     (     C      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$   
                  Hex     1D     28     43      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$   
                  Decimal     29     40     67      $\rho L$       $\rho H$       $m$       $fn$       $b$

[Range]      $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$       $(\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0)$   
                   $m = 0$   
                   $b = 0$

[Description]     Transmit the number of bytes of remaining memory (unused area) in the NV user memory.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	29H	41	1 byte
Number of Bytes of Remaining Memory	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 6 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS ( C $\rho L$ $\rho H$ $m$ $fn$ $b$ ( $fn = 5, 53$ ) <b>Function 5</b>									
[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$
	Hex	1D	28	43	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$
	Decimal	29	40	67	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$		$(\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0)$						
	$m = 0$	$b = 0$							
[Description]	Transmit the key code list identifying the stored record.								

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	71H	113	1 byte
Status	40H or 41H	64 or 65	1 byte
Data	20H - FEH	32 - 254	2 - 80 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- Data consist of the data groups identified with key codes.
- If the specified record cannot be detected, the contents of the transmitted data are as follows:

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	71H	113	1 byte
Status	40H	64	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- After the [Header - NUL] is transmitted, the printer receives a response from the host: Then it performs the process defined by the response (See the tables below). When the status (existence of the next data block) is Hexadecimal = 41H / Decimal = 65

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Transmits the next data
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again
CAN	24	Ends the process

- When the status (existence of the next data block) is Hexadecimal = 40H / Decimal = 64

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Ends the process
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again
CAN	24	Cancel the process

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( C  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $b$   $d1$   $d2$   $d3$  ( $fn = 6, 54$ ) **Function 6****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Hex	1D	28	43	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Decimal	29	40	67	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$b$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 6$  ( $\rho L = 6, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $m = 0$   $d1 = 67$   
 $b = 0$   $d2 = 76$   
 $d3 = 82$

[Description] Delete all data in the NV user memory.

**GS ( D  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$  [ $a1$   $b1$ ]...[ $ak$   $bk$ ]**

[Name] Enable/disable real-time command

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	D	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	[ $a1$ $b1$ ]...[ $ak$ $bk$ ]
	Hex	1D	28	44	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	[ $a1$ $b1$ ]...[ $ak$ $bk$ ]
	Decimal	29	40	68	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	[ $a1$ $b1$ ]...[ $ak$ $bk$ ]

[Range]  $3 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$   
 $m = 20$   
 $a = 1$   
 $b = 0, 1, 48, 49$

[Default]

$a$	Type(s) of Real-Time Commands	Default
1	DLE DC4 $fn$ $m$ $t$ ( $fn=1$ ) : Generate pulse in real time	Enabled ( $b = 1$ )
2	DLE DC4 $fn$ $a$ $b$ ( $fn=2$ ) : Execute power-off sequence	Disabled ( $b = 0$ )

[Description] Enable or disable the following real-time commands.

$a$	$b$	Function	
1	0, 48	DLE DC4 $fn$ $m$ $t$	( $fn = 1$ ) : Not processed (disabled)
	1, 49	DLE DC4 $fn$ $m$ $t$	( $fn = 1$ ) : Processed (enabled)

- $\rho L, \rho H$  specify  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256)$  as the number of bytes after  $\rho H$  ( $m$  and [ $a1$   $b1$ ]...[ $ak$   $bk$ ]).
- $a$  specify the type of real-time command.
- $b$  specify enabled or disabled.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( E *pL pH fn [parameter]* )**

[Name] User setup commands

[Description] Customize the NV user memory area. The table below explains the functions available in this command.

Execute commands related to the user setting mode by specifying the function code *fn*.

<i>fn</i>	Format	No.	Function
1	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn d1 d2</i> )	1	Changes into the user setting mode
2	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn d1 d2 d3</i> )	2	Ends the user setting mode session. (Performs a soft reset.)
3	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn [a1 b18...b11]... [ak bk8...bk1]</i> )	3	Sets value(s) for the memory switch.
4	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn a</i> )	4	Transmits the settings of the memory switch to the host.
5	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn [a1 n1L n1H]... [ak nkL nkH]</i> )	5	Sets the customized value(s).
6	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn a</i> )	6	Transmits the customized value settings.
7	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn a d1 d2</i> )	7	Copies the user-defined page.
8	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn y c1 c2 [x d1... d(y × x)]k</i> )	8	Defines data in column format for the character code page in the active area.
9	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn x c1 c2 [y d1... d(y × x)]k</i> )	9	Defines data in raster format for the character code page in the active area.
10	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn c1 c2</i> )	10	Deletes the data in the character code page in the active area.
11	-	-	-
12	GS ( E <i>pL pH fn a</i> )	12	Transmits the communication conditions for the serial interface.

- *pL*, *pH* specify ( $pL + pH \times 256$ ) as the number of bytes after *pH* (*fn* and [*parameter*]).
- The user setting mode is a special mode to change the values in the NV user memory with this command.
- In Function 2, the printer performs software reset. Therefore, the printer clears the receive and print buffers, and resets all settings (user-defined characters, macros, and the character style) to the mode in effect at power on.
- The customized values can be ascertained with Function 4, 6, or 12, even though the printer does not enter the user setting mode.

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( E  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $d1$   $d2$  ( $fn = 1$ ) Function 1**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$  ( $\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $d1 = 73$   $d2 = 78$

[Description] Enter the user setting mode and notifies the host that the mode has changed.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	20H	32	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

• The following commands are enabled in the user setting mode. Function 2 through Function 12 of GS ( E, GS I

**GS ( E  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $d1$   $d2$   $d3$  ( $fn = 2$ ) Function 2**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 4$  ( $\rho L = 4, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $d1 = 79$   $d2 = 85$   $d3 = 84$

[Description] End the user setting mode and performs a software reset. Therefore, the printer clear the receive and print buffers, and reset all settings (user-defined characters, downloaded bit images, macros, and the character style) to the mode that was in effect at power on. This function code ( $fn = 2$ ) is enabled only in the user setting mode.

**GS ( E  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$  [ $a1$   $b18...b11$ ]...[ $ak$   $bk8...bk1$ ] ( $fn = 3$ ) Function 3**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $b18$ ... $b11$ ] ... [ $ak$ $bk8$ ... $bk1$ ]
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $b18$ ... $b11$ ] ... [ $ak$ $bk8$ ... $bk1$ ]
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $b18$ ... $b11$ ] ... [ $ak$ $bk8$ ... $bk1$ ]

[Range]  $10 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$   
 $a = 1$   $b = 48, 49, 50$

[Default] All setting value Off ( $b = 48$ )

[Description] Changes printer setting value specified by to the values specified by b.

- When  $b = 48$ , the applicable bit is turned to off.
- When  $b = 49$ , the applicable bit is turned to on.
- When  $b = 50$ , the applicable bit is not changed.

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS ( E <i>pL pH fn [a1 b18...b11]...[ak bk8...bk1]</i> ( <i>fn</i> = 3) <b>Function 3</b> - continue
--

When *a* =1 as follows:

Bit	Setting Value	Function
1	48	Does not transmit the power ON information.
	49	Transmits the power ON information.
2	50	Reserved.
3	50	Reserved.
4	50	Reserved.
5	50	Reserved.
6	50	Reserved.
7	50	Reserved.
8	50	Reserved.

- The power on information consists of the data as follows:

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	3BH	59	1 byte
Flag	31H	49	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- This function code (*fn* = 3) is enabled only in the user setting mode.

GS ( E <i>pL pH fn a</i> ( <i>fn</i> = 4) <b>Function 4</b>
---

[Format]    ASCII    GS    (    E    *pL*    *pH*    *fn*    *a*  
               Hex    1D    28    45    *pL*    *pH*    *fn*    *a*  
               Decimal 29    40    69    *pL*    *pH*    *fn*    *a*

[Range]    (*pL* + *pH* × 256) = 2            (*pL* = 2, *pH* = 0)  
               *a* = 1, 2

[Description]    Transmit the setting value(s) of the memory dip switch specified by *a*.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	21H	33	1 byte
Data	30H or 31H	48 or 49	8 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

Data for the setting is transmitted as 8 bytes or a data string in the order from bit 8 to bit 1, as follows:

- OFF: Hexadecimal = 30H / Decimal = 48
- ON: Hexadecimal = 31H / Decimal = 49



**2. Control Command** - continue

<b>GS ( E <math>\rho L</math> <math>\rho H</math> <math>fn</math> [<math>a1</math> <math>n1L</math> <math>n1H</math>]... [<math>ak</math> <math>nkL</math> <math>nkH</math>] (<math>fn = 5</math>))</b>					<b>Function 5</b>			
---	--	--	--	--	-------------------	--	--	--

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $n1L$ $n1H$ ] ... [ $ak$ $nkL$ $nkH$ ]
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $n1L$ $n1H$ ] ... [ $ak$ $nkL$ $nkH$ ]
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	[ $a1$ $n1L$ $n1H$ ] ... [ $ak$ $nkL$ $nkH$ ]

[Range]  $4 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$        $a = 5, 97, 116, 118$   
 $1 \leq (nL + nH \times 256) \leq 65535$        $1 \leq a \leq 3$

[Default] • When  $a = 1$ :  $(nL + nH \times 256) = 1$       • When  $a = 2$ :  $(nL + nH \times 256) = 7$       • When  $a = 3$ :  $(nL + nH \times 256) = 6$   
 • When  $a = 116$ :  $(nL + nH \times 256) = 1$       • When  $a = 118$ :  $(nL + nH \times 256) = 85$

[Description] Change the setting of the customized value that is specified with  $a$  as  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

$a$	Function
1	Specify the capacity of the NV user memory.
2	Specify the capacity of the NV graphics memory.
3	Select the paper width.
116	Select the type of paper (single-color or two-color).
118	Select the black-color density in two-color printing.

• When  $a = 1$ , the capacity of the NV user memory is selected as the size specified with  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

Value of $(nL + nH \times 256)$	Memory Size
1	64KB <sup>*1)</sup>
2	128KB
3	192KB
4	256KB
5	320KB

• When  $a = 2$ , the capacity of the NV graphics memory is selected as the size specified with  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

Value of $(nL + nH \times 256)$	Memory Size
1	None
2	64KB
3	128KB <sup>*2)</sup>
4	192KB
5	256KB
6	320KB
7	384KB

\*1) GIANT-100, GIANT-150, GIANT PRO, ELLIX30III and ELLIX35III are fixed as this value.

\*2) GIANT-100, GIANT-150, GIANT PRO, ELLIX30III and ELLIX35III are fixed as this value.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( E pL pH fn [a1 n1L n1H]...[ak nkL nkH] (fn = 5) Function 5 - continue**

The combination that can be specified for the NV user memory capacity and the NV bit image capacity are as shown in the table below.

- Even if the printer receives an impossible combination, the printer automatically set a possible combination for each memory size.\*3)

Memory Size of NV User Memory	Memory Size of NV Bit Image Memory
64KB	384KB or less
128KB	256KB or less
192KB	128KB or less
256KB	0

\*3) GIANT-100, GIANT-150, GIANT PRO, ELLIX30III and ELLIX35III are not applicable.

- When  $a = 3$ , the paper width is selected as the size specified with  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

Value of $(nL + nH \times 256)$	Paper Width
2	58 mm
6	80 mm

- When  $a = 116$ , the paper is selected as the paper specified with  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

Value of $(nL + nH \times 256)$	Paper
1	Specified single-color paper
257	Recommended two-color paper

- When  $a = 118$ , the black-color density is selected as the number specified with  $(nL + nH \times 256)$ .

Value of $(nL + nH \times 256)$	Black-Color Density
70	Light
85	Medium
100	Dark

Adjustment of black-color density:

- The black-color density is affected only in two-color printing. This is not affected for single-color printing.

The values changed with this command become effective with the following:

- Execution of [Function 2] of this command (recommended)
- Turning the power on again

When paper width set 58mm, default printing condition will be change below :

- Print speed set 150mm/sec

**2. Control Command** - continue

<b>GS ( E <math>\rho L</math> <math>\rho H</math> <math>fn</math> <math>a</math> (<math>fn = 6</math> )</b>	<b>Function 6</b>
---	-------------------

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$        $(\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0)$   
 $1 \leq a \leq 3$   
 $a = 116, 118$

[Description] Transmit the customized value corresponding to the number specified by  $a$ .

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	27H	39	1 byte
Customized Value Number	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 3 bytes
Separator	1FH	31	1 byte
Customized Value	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 5 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

• The customized value number is as follows:

$a$	Transmission Data		
	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte
1	49	--	--
2	50	--	--
3	51	--	--
116	49	49	54
118	49	49	56

• Configuration of the customized value When the NV user memory capacity ( $a = 1$ ) is specified:

Setting Status		Transmission Data				
Data to be Stored	Memory Capacity	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	5th Byte
1	64KB	49	--	--	--	--
2	128KB	50	--	--	--	--
3	192KB	51	--	--	--	--
4	256KB	52	--	--	--	--
5	320KB	53	--	--	--	--

## 2. Control Command - continue

<b>GS ( E pL pH fn a (fn = 6) Function 6</b> - continue
---

- When the NV graphics memory capacity ( $a = 2$ ) is specified:

Setting Status		Transmission Data				
Data to be Stored	Memory Capacity	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	5th Byte
1	None	49	--	--	--	--
2	64KB	50	--	--	--	--
3	128KB	51	--	--	--	--
4	192KB	52	--	--	--	--
5	256KB	53	--	--	--	--
6	320KB	54	--	--	--	--
7	384KB	55	--	--	--	--

- When the paper width ( $a = 3$ ) is specified:

Setting Status		Transmission Data				
Data to be Stored	Paper width	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	5th Byte
2	58 mm	50	--	--	--	--
6	80 mm	54	--	--	--	--

- When the type of paper ( $a = 116$ ) is specified:

Setting Status		Transmission Data				
Data to be Stored	Print Control Method	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	5th Byte
1	Single-color paper	49	--	--	--	--
257	Two-color paper	50	53	55	--	--

- When black-color density ( $a = 118$ ) is specified for two-color:

Setting Status		Transmission Data		
Data to be Stored	Black-Color Density	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte
70	Light	55	48	--
85	Medium	56	53	--
100	Dark	49	48	48

**2. Control Command** - continue

<b>GS ( E <math>\rho L</math> <math>\rho H</math> <math>fn</math> <math>a</math> <math>d1</math> <math>d2</math> (<math>fn = 7</math>)</b>	<b>Function 7</b>
--	-------------------

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$	$d1$	$d2$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$	$d1$	$d2$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$	$d1$	$d2$
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 4$		$(\rho L = 4, \rho H = 0)$							
	$a = 10, 12$									

[Description] Copy the data on the user-defined code page specified with  $a$ .

Font No. ( $a$ )	Font Type	Data Configuration	
		Number of Dots in Horizontal Direction	Number of Dots in Vertical Direction
10	9 × 17	9	17
12	12 × 24	12	24

$d1$	$d2$	Function
31	30	Load the character code page data of the font specified with $a$ in the storage area to the active area.
30	31	Save the character code page data in the active area to the storage area specified by the font specified with $a$ .

- Active area : Volatile memory (RAM)
- Storage area : Non-volatile memory (Flash ROM)
- User-defined code page : Page 255 (space page)

This function code  $fn = 7$  is enabled only in the user setting mode.

Control Command list

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( E  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $y$   $c1$   $c2$  [ $x$   $d1$  ...  $d(y \times x)$ ] $k$  ( $fn = 8$ )** **Function 8**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$y$	$c1$	$c2$	[ $x$ $d1$ ... $d(y \times x)$ ] $k$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$y$	$c1$	$c2$	[ $x$ $d1$ ... $d(y \times x)$ ] $k$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$y$	$c1$	$c2$	[ $x$ $d1$ ... $d(y \times x)$ ] $k$

[Range]  $5 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$   
 $128 \leq c1 \leq c2 \leq 255$                        $0 \leq d \leq 255$   
 $y = 3$      $0 \leq x \leq 12$                       (when font A (12 × 24) is selected)  
     $0 \leq x \leq 9$                       (when font B (9 × 17) is selected)  
 $k = c2 - c1 + 1$

[Description] Define the data for each character on the character code page in the active area (RAM).  
 The character pattern is defined as the column type. This function code  $fn = 8$  is enabled in the user setting mode.  
 The data configuration is as follows: (Example: 9 dots horizontally × 17 dots vertically)

	d1	d4	d7	d10	d13	d16	d19	d22	d25
Bit	d3	d6	d9	d12	d15	d18	d21	d24	d27
7	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
6	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○
5	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○
4	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○
3	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○
2	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○
1	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○
0	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○
7	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○
6	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○
5	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○
4	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	○	○
3	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○
2	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○
1	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○
0	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○
7	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
6	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
5	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
4	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○
3	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
2	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
1	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
0	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

← Only Bit7 is printed.  
 Even if 1 is specified  
 for any Bit from 6 to 0,  
 it is not printed

2. Control Command - continue

GS ( E <i>pL pH fn x c1 c2 [y d1...d(x × y)]k (fn = 9)</i> <b>Function 9</b>										
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>x</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[y d1...d(x × y)]k</i>
	Hex	1D	28	45	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>x</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[y d1...d(x × y)]k</i>
	Decimal	29	40	69	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>x</i>	<i>c1</i>	<i>c2</i>	<i>[y d1...d(x × y)]k</i>

[Range]  $5 \leq (pL + pH \times 256) \leq 65535$   
 $128 \leq c1 \leq c2 \leq 255$                        $0 \leq d \leq 255$   
 $x = 2$      $0 \leq y \leq 24$  (when font A (12 × 24) is selected)  
     $0 \leq y \leq 17$  (when font B (9 × 17) is selected)  
 $k = c2 - c1 + 1$

[Description] Define the data for each character on the character code page in the active area (RAM).

The character pattern is defined as the raster type. This function code *fn* = 9 is enabled only in the user setting mode.

The data configuration is as follows: (Example: 12 dots horizontally × 24 dots vertically)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
d1	d2	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	○
d3	d4	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	○	○	●	○
d5	d6	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	○	○	○	●	●
d7	d8	○	○	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	○
d9	d10	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	●
d11	d12	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	●	○
d13	d14	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d15	d16	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d17	d18	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d19	d20	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d21	d22	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d23	d24	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d25	d26	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d27	d28	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d29	d30	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d31	d32	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d33	d34	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d35	d36	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d37	d38	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d39	d40	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d41	d42	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d43	d44	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d45	d46	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
d47	d48	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○

← All dots in odd bytes are printed.  
 Bits 7 through 4 in even dots are printed.  
 Even if 1 is specified for any bit from 3 to 0, it is not printed

## 2. Control Command - continue

<b>GS ( E <math>\rho L</math> <math>\rho H</math> <math>fn</math> <math>c1</math> <math>c2</math> (<math>fn = 10</math>)</b>										<b>Function 10</b>
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--------------------

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$c1$	$c2$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$c1$	$c2$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$c1$	$c2$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$        $(\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0)$   
 $128 \leq c1 \leq c2 \leq 255$

[Description] Delete the data for each character in the character code page in the active area (RAM).  
 After deleting the data, space patterns (no printing) are given.  
 This function code  $fn = 10$  is enabled only in the user setting mode.

<b>GS ( E <math>\rho L</math> <math>\rho H</math> <math>fn</math> <math>a</math> (<math>fn = 12</math>)</b>										<b>Function 12</b>
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--------------------

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$
	Hex	1D	28	45	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$
	Decimal	29	40	69	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$a$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$        $(\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0)$   
 $1 \leq a \leq 4$

[Description] Transmit the communication conditions of the serial interface specified by  $a$ .

$a$	Communication Conditions
1	Baud rate
2	Parity
3	Handshake control
4	Data length

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	33H	39	1 byte
Type of Communication Condition	31H-34H	49-52	1 byte
Separator	1FH	31	1 byte
Setting Value	30H-39H	48-39	1 - 6 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

Configuration of the setting value



**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( E pL pH fn a (fn = 12) Function 12** - continue

- When the baud rate ( $a = 1$ ) is specified:

Baud Rate (bps)	<i>d1</i>	<i>d2</i>	<i>d3</i>	<i>d4</i>	<i>d5</i>	<i>d6</i>
2400	50	52	48	48	--	--
4800	52	56	48	48	--	--
9600	57	54	48	48	--	--
19200	49	57	50	48	48	--
38400	51	56	52	48	48	--
57600	53	55	54	48	48	--
115200	49	49	53	50	48	48

- When the parity setting ( $a = 2$ ) is specified:

Parity	<i>d1</i>
No parity	48
Odd parity	49
Even parity	50

- When the handshake control ( $a = 3$ ) is specified:

Handshake control	<i>d1</i>
DSR / DTR	48
XON / XOFF	49

- When the data length ( $a = 4$ ) is specified:

Data Length	<i>d1</i>
7 bits	55
8 bits	56

- If  $a$  is out of range, this command ignores the value specified with  $a$ .

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( F  $\rho L$   $\rho H$  m a nL nH**

[Name] Paper cutting position control with Black Mark

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	F	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	m	a	nL	nH
	Hex	1D	28	46	04	00	02	a	nL	nH
	Decimal	29	40	70	4	0	2	a	nL	nH

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 4$  ( $\rho L = 4, \rho H = 0$ )

$m = 2$

$a = 0, 48$

$0 \leq (nL + nH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq nL \leq 255, 0 \leq nH \leq 255$ )

[Default]  $nL = 0, nH = 0$

[Description] Set the value for the adjustment of paper cutting position after sensing the black mark.

This command affects to the cutting operations as follows:

- Paper cut by GS V m n.
- Paper cut after paper feeding triggered by the paper FEED button.
- Paper cut after initializing the Black mark, (optional)
- Paper cut after paper feeding with the cover closed, (optional)

This command is only effective for the forward paper feeding.

The maximum adjustable length is 400 mm. If the adjustment value to be specified exceeds the maximum value, the adjustment value is automatically set to the maximum value.

**GS ( F  $\rho L$   $\rho H$  m aL aH bL bH**

[Name] Set the Black Mark paper format

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	F	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	m	aL	aH	nL	nH
	Hex	1D	28	46	05	00	70	0	0	nL	nH
	Decimal	29	40	70	5	0	112	0	0	nL	nH

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 5$  ( $\rho L = 5, \rho H = 0$ )

$m = 112$

$aL = 0, aH = 0$

$0 \leq (nL + nH \times 256) \leq 65535$  ( $0 \leq nL \leq 255, 0 \leq nH \leq 255$ )

[Default]  $nL = 20, nH = 11$  (Black mark interval length (top of a black mark ~ top of next black mark): 400 mm)

[Description] Set the black mark paper format.

$nL, nH$  specifies as  $[(nL + nH \times 256)]$  as the *black mark* interval.

The black mark interval ranges from 40 to 400 mm. If the BM interval specified is out of range, this command is ignored.

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( K *pL pH fn m***

[Name] Print control method(s)

[Description] Set the print control specified by *fn*.

<i>fn</i>	Function
48	Specify the print control mode.

**GS ( K *pL pH fn m (fn = 48) Function 48***

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	K	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>
	Hex	1D	28	4B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>
	Decimal	29	40	75	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>

[Range] (*pL + pH × 256*) = 2 (*pL* = 2, *pH* = 0)

1 ≤ *m* ≤ 4

49 ≤ *m* ≤ 52

[Default] *m* = 1

[Description] Select the print control mode.

<i>m</i>	Print Control Mode
1, 49	Select print control mode 1 ( <i>Standard</i> ).
2, 50	Select print control mode 2 ( <i>Fence bar code</i> ).
3, 51	Select print control mode 3 ( <i>Ladder bar code</i> ).
4, 52	Select print control mode 4 ( <i>2-Dimensional code</i> ).

**① GS ( L *pL pH m fn [parameters]***  
**② GS 8 L *p1 p2 p3 p4 m fn [parameters]***

[Name] Select graphics data

[Format]	① ASCII	GS	(	L	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>		
	Hex	1D	28	4C	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>		
	Decimal	29	40	76	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>		
	② ASCII	GS	8	L	<i>p1</i>	<i>p2</i>	<i>p3</i>	<i>p4</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>
	Hex	1D	38	4C	<i>p1</i>	<i>p2</i>	<i>p3</i>	<i>p4</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>
	Decimal	29	56	76	<i>p1</i>	<i>p2</i>	<i>p3</i>	<i>p4</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>[parameters]</i>

In the description below GS ( L is used for explanation.

Note that GS ( L and GS 8 L have the same function.

If the *[parameters]* of each format exceeds 65535 bytes use GS 8 L.

## 2. Control Command - continue

- ① GS ( L *pL pH m fn* [*parameters*]  
 ② GS 8 L *p1 p2 p3 p4 m fn* [*parameters*] - continue

[Description] Process graphics data according to the function code *fn*.

<i>fn</i>	Format	No.	Function
0, 48	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn</i>	48	Transmits the NV graphics memory capacity.
2, 50	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn</i>	50	Prints the graphics data in the print buffer.
3, 51	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn</i>	51	Transmits the remaining capacity of the NV graphics memory.
64	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn d1 d2</i>	64	Transmits the defined NV graphics key code list.
65	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn d1 d2 d3</i>	65	Deletes all NV graphics data.
66	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn kc1 kc2</i>	66	Deletes the specified NV graphics data.
67	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn a kc1 kc2 b xL xH yL yH [c d1...dk]1...[c d1...dk]b</i>	67	Defines the raster graphics data in the non-volatile memory.
69	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn kc1 kc2 x y</i>	69	Prints the specified NV graphics data.
112	GS ( L <i>pL pH m fn a bx by c xL xH yL yH d1...dk</i>	112	Stores the raster graphics data in the print buffer memory.

• *pL, pH* specify (*pL + pH × 256*) as the number of bytes after *pH* or *p4* (*m, fn*, and [*parameter*]).

**GS ( L *pL pH m fn* (*fn* = 0, 48)    Function 0, 48**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>
	Hex	1D	28	4C	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>
	Decimal	29	40	76	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>fn</i>

[Range] (*pL + pH × 256*) = 2                      (*pL* = 2, *pH* = 0)  
*m* = 48

[Description] Transmit the total capacity of the NV graphics memory (number of bytes in the memory area).

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	30H	48	1 byte
Data	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 8 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

- The data describing total capacity is converted to character codes corresponding to decimal data, then transmitted from the MSB.
- The data length is variable.
- The total capacity of the NV graphics memory is selectable as any one of these:

[0, 64K, 128K, 192K, 256K, 320K, 384K] bytes with GS ( E.

- The default value is 384KB. (ELLIX30II, ELLIX40II, ELLIX40i, ELLIX32 and ELLIX42 Series)
- The default value is 128KB. (GIANT-100, GIANT-150, GIANT PRO, ELLIX30III and ELLIX35III Series)

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$  ( $fn = 2, 50$ ) **Function 2, 50****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$		$(\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0)$							
	$m = 48$									

[Description] Print the buffered graphics stored by the process of Function 112.  
 Feed paper by the amount corresponding to the number of dots in the  $y$  direction of the buffered graphics.

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$  ( $fn = 3, 51$ ) **Function 3, 51****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$		
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$		$(\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0)$							
	$m = 48$									

[Description] Transmit the number of bytes of remaining memory (unused area) in the NV graphics memory.

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	31H	49	1 byte
Data	30H - 39H	48 - 57	1 - 8 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

The number of bytes of remaining memory is converted to character codes corresponding to decimal data, and then transmitted from the MSB.  
 The data length is variable.

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $d1$   $d2$  ( $fn = 64$ ) **Function 64****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 4$		$(\rho L = 4, \rho H = 0)$							
	$m = 48$									
	$d1 = 75$									
	$d2 = 67$									

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS ( L pL pH m fn d1 d2 (fn = 64) **Function 64** - continue

[Description] Transmit the defined NV graphics key code list. When the key code is present:

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	72H	114	1 byte
Status	40H or 41H	64 or 65	1 byte
Data	30H - 39H	48 - 57	2 - 80 bytes
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

When the key code is not present:

	Hexadecimal	Decimal	Amount of Data
Header	37H	55	1 byte
Flag	72H	114	1 byte
Status	40H	64	1 byte
NUL	00H	0	1 byte

If the number of the key code exceeds 40, divide the key code by 40 for transmission.

- The status if the continuous transmission data block is present is 41H.
- The status if the continuous transmission data block is not present is 40H.

After the [Header-NUL] is transmitted, the printer receives a response from the host, then it performs the process defined by the response (See the tables below).

When the status (existence of the next data block) is Hexadecimal = 41H / Decimal = 65

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Transmits the next data.
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again.
CAN	24	Ends the process.

When the status (for the last data block) is Hexadecimal = 40H / Decimal = 64

Response		Process Performed
ASCII	Decimal	
ACK	6	Ends the process.
NAK	21	Transmits the previous data again.
CAN	24	Cancel the process.

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $d1$   $d2$   $d3$  ( $fn = 65$ ) Function 65**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$d1$	$d2$	$d3$
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 5$		$(\rho L = 5, \rho H = 0)$								
	$m = 48$	$d1 = 67$	$d2 = 76$	$d3 = 82$							
[Description]	Delete all defined NV graphics data.										

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $kc1$   $kc2$  ( $fn = 66$ ) Function 66**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 4$		$(\rho L = 4, \rho H = 0)$								
	$m = 48$	$32 \leq kc1 \leq 126$			$32 \leq kc2 \leq 126$						
[Description]	Delete the NV graphics data defined by the key codes $kc1$ and $kc2$ .										

**GS ( L  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $m$   $fn$   $a$   $kc1$   $kc2$   $b$   $xL$   $xH$   $yL$   $yH$  [ $c$   $d1...dk$ ] $1... [c$   $d1...dk$ ] $b$  ( $fn = 67$ ) Function 67**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$b$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$c$	$d1...dk$	
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$b$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$c$	$d1...dk$	
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$b$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$c$	$d1...dk$	
[Range]	$12 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$				$(0 \leq \rho L \leq 255, 0 \leq \rho H \leq 255)$														
	$m = 48$																		
	$a = 48$				$32 \leq kc1 \leq 126$														
	$b = 1$				$32 \leq kc2 \leq 126$														
	$c = 49$				$1 \leq (xL + xH \times 256) \leq 8192$														
	$0 \leq d \leq 255$				$1 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 2304$														
	$k = (\text{int}((xL + xH \times 256) + 7) / 8) \times (yL + yH \times 256)$																		

The total capacity of the NV graphics memory is selectable as any one of these:

[0, 64K, 128K, 192K, 256K, 320K, 384K] bytes with GS ( E.

- The default value is 384KB. (ELLIX30II, ELLIX40II, ELLIX40i, ELLIX32 and ELLIX42 Series)
- The default value is 128KB. (GIANT-100, GIANT-150, GIANT PRO, ELLIX30III and ELLIX35III Series)

[Description] Define the raster graphics data in the NV graphics area.  $b$  specifies the number of the color of the defined data.

- $xL, xH$  specify the defined data in the horizontal direction as  $(xL + xH \times 256)$  dots.
- $yL, yH$  specify the defined data in the vertical direction as  $(yL + yH \times 256)$  dots.

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS ( L $\rho L$ $\rho H$ $m$ $fn$ $kc1$ $kc2$ $x$ $y$ ( $fn = 69$ ) <b>Function 69</b>												
[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$x$	$y$
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$x$	$y$
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$kc1$	$kc2$	$x$	$y$
[Range]	$(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 6$		$(\rho L = 6, \rho H = 0)$									
	$m = 48$											
	$x = 1, 2$											
	$y = 1, 2$											
	$32 \leq kc1 \leq 126$											
	$32 \leq kc2 \leq 126$											
[Description]	Print the NV graphics data defined by the key codes $kc1$ and $kc2$ .											
	The graphics data is enlarged by $x$ and $y$ in the horizontal and vertical directions.											

.GS ( L $\rho L$ $\rho H$ $m$ $fn$ $a$ $bx$ $by$ $c$ $xL$ $xH$ $yL$ $yH$ $d1...dk$ ( $fn = 112$ ) <b>Function 112</b>												
[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	L	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$bx$	$by$	
					$c$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$d1...dk$		
	Hex	1D	28	4C	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$bx$	$by$	
					$c$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$d1...dk$		
	Decimal	29	40	76	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$m$	$fn$	$a$	$bx$	$by$	
					$c$	$xL$	$xH$	$yL$	$yH$	$d1...dk$		
[Range]	$11 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$		$(0 \leq \rho L \leq 255, 0 \leq \rho H \leq 255)$									
	$m = 48$											
	$a = 48 \quad bx = 1, 2$											
	$c = 49 \quad by = 1, 2$											
	$1 \leq (xL + xH \times 256) \leq 1024$											
	$1 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 1662$ (when $by = 1$ )											
	$1 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 831$ (when $by = 2$ )											
	$0 \leq d \leq 255$											
	$k = (\text{int}((xL + xH \times 256) / 8) \times (yL + yH \times 256))$											
[Description]	Store the raster graphics data, enlarged $bx$ and $by$ in the horizontal and vertical directions in the print buffer.											
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>xL, xH</math> specify the raster graphics data in the horizontal direction as <math>(xL + xH \times 256)</math> dots.</li> <li><math>yL, yH</math> specify the raster graphics data in the vertical direction as <math>(yL + yH \times 256)</math> dots.</li> </ul>											



2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( M  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $m$**

[Name] Customize printer

[Description] Protects or recovers values or data set or defined in the active area by commands.

<i>fn</i>	Function No.	Description
1, 49	Function 1	Copies the setting stored in the active area to the storage area (save settings).
2, 50	Function 2	Copies the setting stored in the storage area to the active area (load settings).
3, 51	Function 3	Enable or disable automatic loading of the setting upon initialization.

- Active area: Volatile memory (RAM)
- Storage area: Non-volatile memory (Flash ROM)

Lists of command that is affect by this command.

Setting Value	Command	
Status	ESC c 3, GS a	
Defined data	GS :	
Characters	Kind of character	ESC M, ESC R, ESC t
	Style	ESC !, ESC -, ESC E, ESC G, ESC V, ESC {, GS !, GS B, GS b, GS ( N
	Etc.	ESC SP, ESC 2, ESC 3
Bar codes	GS H, GS f, GS h, GS w	
2-dimensional codes	<i>Function 065</i> through <i>Function 070</i> of GS ( k	
Print position	ESC D, ESC T, ESC a, GS L, GS W	
Etc.	ESC c 4, ESC c 5, GS ( D , GS P	

**GS ( M  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $m$  ( $fn = 1,49$ ) **Function 1****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	M	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Hex	1D	28	4D	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Decimal	29	40	77	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$

[Range] ( $\rho L + \rho H \times 256$ ) = 2 ( $\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $m = 1, 49$

[Description] Copies the setting stored in the active area into the  $m$  of storage area.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( M  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $m$  ( $fn = 2,50$ ) Function 2**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	M	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Hex	1D	28	4D	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Decimal	29	40	77	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$  ( $\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $m = 0, 1, 48, 49$

[Description] • When ( $m = 0, 48$ ), initializes all settings in the active area, as described in these specifications.  
 • When ( $m = 1, 49$ ), copies the setting stored into the  $m$  of storage area to the active area.  
 If no data in the storage area is protected, all settings in the active area are initialized, as described in these specifications.

**GS ( M  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $m$  ( $fn = 3,51$ ) Function 3**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	M	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Hex	1D	28	4D	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Decimal	29	40	77	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$  ( $\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $m = 0, 1, 48, 49$

[Description] • When ( $m = 0, 48$ ), does not load data in the storage area to the active area upon initialization.  
 • When ( $m = 1, 49$ ), loads data in the storage area to the active area upon initialization.

**GS ( N  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$  [ $parameters$ ]**

[Name] Select character style

[Description] Execute commands for the character style as specified by the function code  $fn$ .

$fn$	Format	No.	Description
48	GS ( N $\rho L$ $\rho H$ $fn$ $m$	48	Selects character color.

**GS ( N  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $fn$   $m$  ( $fn = 48$ ) Function 48**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	N	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Hex	1D	28	4E	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$
	Decimal	29	40	78	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$fn$	$m$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 2$  ( $\rho L = 2, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $fn = 48$   
 $m = 49$  (when the single-color paper is selected)  
 $m = 49, 50$  (when two-color paper is selected)

[Default]  $m = 49$

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( N pL pH fn m (fn = 48) Function 48** - continue

[Description] Print characters in the color specified by *m*.

<i>m</i>	Color
49	Color 1 (black (a high level of energy) on the specified two-color thermal paper)
50	Color 2 (red (a low level of energy) on the specified two-color thermal paper)

**GS ( k pL pH cn fn [parameters]**

[Name] Setup and print symbol

[Description] Various processes are performed to the symbol specified with *cn* based on the function code (*fn*) setting.

<i>cn</i>	Type of Symbol
48	PDF417 (2-dimensional symbols)
49	QR Code (2-dimensional symbols)

<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	Format	No.	Description
48	64	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	064	Select the mode for PDF417
	65	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	065	Sets the number of columns for PDF417.
	66	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	066	Sets the number of rows for PDF417.
	67	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	067	Sets the module width of PDF417.
	68	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	068	Sets the module height of PDF417.
	69	GS ( k pL pH cn fn m n	069	Sets the error correction level of PDF417 .
	80	GS ( k pL pH cn fn m d1...dk	080	Stores received data in the symbol storage area for PDF417.
	81	GS ( k pL pH cn fn m	081	Prints symbol data in the symbol storage area for PDF417.
49	65	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n1 n2	065	QR Code: Select the model.
	67	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	067	QR Code: Set the size of module
	69	GS ( k pL pH cn fn n	069	QR Code: Select the error correction level.
	80	GS ( k pL pH cn fn m d1...dk	080	QR Code: Store the data into the symbol storage area
	81	GS ( k pL pH cn fn m	081	QR Code: Print the symbol data in the symbol storage area.

- "Symbol data" refers to the data (*d1...dk*) received with Function 080.
- "Symbol storage area" refers to the range for storing data received with Function 080 before encoding.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( *k* *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *n* (*fn* = 64) Function 64**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>
	Hex	1D	28	6B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>
	Decimal	29	40	107	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 4$  ( $pL = 4, pH = 0$ )

$cn = 48$

$fn = 64$

$n1 = 0, 1$

$n2 = 0$

[Default]  $n1 = 0, n2 = 0$

[Description] Selects the model for PDF417.

<i>n1</i>	Function
0	Select PDF417
1	Select Micro PDF417

**GS ( *k* *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *n* (*fn* = 65) Function 65**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1D	28	6B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	29	40	107	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$  ( $pL = 3, pH = 0$ )

$cn = 48$   $0 \leq n \leq 30$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Set the number of columns of the data area for PDF417.

- $n = 0$  specifies automatic processing. When automatic processing ( $n = 0$ ) is specified, the number of columns is calculated with the number of code words based on the range of the printable area.
- $n \neq 0$  sets the number of columns of the data area to  $n$  code words.

[Notes] The following data is not included in the number of columns.

- Start and stop patterns
- Left and right indicator code words

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( k pL pH cn fn n (fn = 66) Function 66**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Hex	1D	28	6B	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Decimal	29	40	107	pL	pH	cn	fn	n

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$  ( $pL = 3, pH = 0$ )  
 $cn = 48$   $3 \leq n \leq 90$   
 $n = 0$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Set the number of rows of data area for PDF417.

- $n = 0$  specifies automatic processing. When automatic processing ( $n = 0$ ) is specified, the number of rows is calculated with the number of code words or the range of the printable area.
- $n \neq 0$  sets the number of rows to  $n$ .

**GS ( k pL pH cn fn n (fn = 67) Function 67**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Hex	1D	28	6B	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Decimal	29	40	107	pL	pH	cn	fn	n

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$  ( $pL = 3, pH = 0$ )  
 $cn = 48$   $2 \leq n \leq 8$

[Default]  $n = 3$

[Description] Set the module width of one PDF417 symbol to  $n$  dots.

**GS ( k pL pH cn fn n (fn = 68) Function 68**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Hex	1D	28	6B	pL	pH	cn	fn	n
	Decimal	29	40	107	pL	pH	cn	fn	n

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$  ( $pL = 3, pH = 0$ )  
 $cn = 48$   
 $2 \leq n \leq 8$

[Default]  $n = 3$

[Description] Set the module height to [(module width)  $\times$   $n$ ].

The module width is set with *Function 067* of this command.

## 2. Control Command - continue

<b>GS ( <i>k</i> <i>pL</i> <i>pH</i> <i>cn</i> <i>fn</i> <i>m</i> <i>n</i> (<i>fn</i> = 69) </b>	<b>Function 69</b>
--	--------------------

[Format] ASCII GS ( k *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *m* *n*

Hex 1D 28 6B *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *m* *n*

Decimal 29 40 107 *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *m* *n*

[Range] (*pL* + *pH* × 256) = 4 (*pL* = 4, *pH* = 0)

*cn* = 48

*m* = 48, 49

48 ≤ *n* ≤ 56 (when *m* = 48 is specified)

1 ≤ *n* ≤ 40 (when *m* = 49 is specified)

[Default] *m* = 49

*n* = 1

[Description] Set the error correction level for PDF417 symbols.

When *m* = 48, the error correction level is set by the "Level Setting" error correction code word.

<i>n</i>	Function	Error Correction Code Word
48	Select error correction level 0	2
49	Select error correction level 1	4
50	Select error correction level 2	8
51	Select error correction level 3	16
52	Select error correction level 4	32
53	Select error correction level 5	64
54	Select error correction level 6	128
55	Select error correction level 7	256
56	Select error correction level 8	512

When *m* = 49, the error correction level is set to the level indicated by the data code word value. The rate is set to [*n* × 10%].

The error correction levels in the following table are determined by the calculation [Data code word × *n* × 0.1 = (A)]

(Round up fractions of 0,5 and over and truncate others).

2. Control Command - continue

Result (A)	Error Correction Level	Error Correction Code Word
0 - 3	Error correction level 1	4
4 - 10	Error correction level 2	8
11 - 20	Error correction level 3	16
21 - 45	Error correction level 4	32
46 - 100	Error correction level 5	64
101 - 200	Error correction level 6	128
201 - 400	Error correction level 7	256
401 or more	Error correction level 8	512

**GS ( k  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $cn$   $fn$   $m$   $d1 \dots dk$  ( $fn = 80$ ) Function 80**

[Format]      ASCII      GS      (      k       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$        $d1 \dots dk$   
                   Hex      1D      28      6B       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$        $d1 \dots dk$   
                   Decimal    29      40      107       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$        $d1 \dots dk$

[Range]       $4 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 65535$        $(0 \leq \rho L \leq 255, 0 \leq \rho H \leq 255)$   
                    $cn = 48$        $0 \leq d \leq 255$   
                    $m = 48$        $k = (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) - 3$

[Description]    Stores symbol data ( $d1 \dots dk$ ) in the PDF417 symbol storage area.  
                   Bytes of  $((\rho L + \rho H \times 256) - 3)$  after  $m$  ( $d1 \dots dk$ ) are processed as symbol data.

**GS ( k  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $cn$   $fn$   $m$  ( $fn = 81$ ) Function 81**

[Format]      ASCII      GS      (      k       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$   
                   Hex      1D      28      6B       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$   
                   Decimal    29      40      107       $\rho L$        $\rho H$        $cn$        $fn$        $m$

[Range]       $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$  ( $\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0$ )  
                    $cn = 48$   
                    $m = 48$

[Description]    Print the PDF417 symbol data in the symbol storage area.

[Note]            Users must consider the quiet zone for the PDF417 symbols  
                   (Upward and downward spaces and left and right spaces for the PDF417 symbols specified in the specifications for the PDF417 symbols.)

Control Command list

2. Control Command - continue

**GS ( *k* *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *n1* *n2* (*cn* = 49, *fn* = 65) Function 65**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>
	Hex	1D	28	6B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>
	Decimal	29	40	107	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n1</i>	<i>n2</i>

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 4$  ( $pL = 4, pH = 0$ )

*cn* = 49

*fn* = 65

*n1* = 48, 50

*n2* = 0

[Default] *n1* = 50, *n2* = 0

[Description] Selects the model for QR Code.

<i>n1</i>	Function
48	Selects micro QR Code conversion processing.
50	Selects model 2 conversion processing.

**GS ( *k* *pL* *pH* *cn* *fn* *n* (*cn* = 49, *fn* = 67) Function 67**

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1D	28	6B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	29	40	107	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$  ( $pL = 3, pH = 0$ )

*cn* = 49

*fn* = 67

$1 \leq n \leq 16$

[Default] *n* = 3

[Description] Sets the size of the module for QR Code to *n* dots.



**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS ( k  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $cn$   $fn$   $n$  ( $cn = 49, fn = 69$ ) **Function 69****

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$n$
	Hex	1D	28	6B	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$n$
	Decimal	29	40	107	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$n$

[Range]  $(\rho L + \rho H \times 256) = 3$  ( $\rho L = 3, \rho H = 0$ )  
 $cn = 49$   
 $fn = 69$   
 $48 \leq n \leq 51$

[Default]  $n = 48$

[Description] Selects the error correction level for QR Code

$n$	Function	Reference: Approx. figure of recovery
48	Select error correction level L	7%
49	Select error correction level M	15%
50	Select error correction level Q	25%
51	Select error correction level H	30%

**GS ( k  $\rho L$   $\rho H$   $cn$   $fn$   $m$   $d1 \dots dk$  ( $cn = 49, fn = 80$ ) **Function 80****

[Name]	ASCII	GS	(	k	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$m$	$d1 \dots dk$
	Hex	1D	28	6B	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$m$	$d1 \dots dk$
	Decimal	29	40	107	$\rho L$	$\rho H$	$cn$	$fn$	$m$	$d1 \dots dk$

[Range]  $4 \leq (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) \leq 7092$  ( $0 \leq \rho L \leq 255, 0 \leq \rho H \leq 27$ )  
 $cn = 49$   
 $fn = 80$   
 $m = 48$   
 $0 \leq d \leq 255$   
 $k = (\rho L + \rho H \times 256) - 3$

[Description] Stores the QR Code symbol data ( $d1 \dots dk$ ) into the symbol storage area.

## 2. Control Command - continue

<b>GS ( <i>k</i> <i>pL</i> <i>pH</i> <i>cn</i> <i>fn</i> <i>m</i> (<i>cn</i> = 49, <i>fn</i> = 81)      <b>Function 81</b></b>									
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

[Format]	ASCII	GS	(	k	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>
	Hex	1D	28	6B	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>
	Decimal	29	40	107	<i>pL</i>	<i>pH</i>	<i>cn</i>	<i>fn</i>	<i>m</i>

[Range]       $(pL + pH \times 256) = 3$                        $(pL = 3, pH = 0)$

*cn* = 49

*fn* = 81

*m* = 48

[Description] Encodes and prints the QR Code symbol data in the symbol storage area with GS ( k.

[Note]        User must secure the quiet zone (left, right, upward, and downward space areas defined by the QR Code symbol specifications) for QR Code printing.

<b>GS * <i>x</i> <i>y</i> <i>d1</i>...<i>d</i>(<i>x</i> × <i>y</i> × 8)</b>									
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

[Name]        Define downloaded bit image.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	*	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>d1</i> ... <i>d</i> ( <i>x</i> × <i>y</i> × 8)
	Hex	1D	2A	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>d1</i> ... <i>d</i> ( <i>x</i> × <i>y</i> × 8)
	Decimal	29	42	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>d1</i> ... <i>d</i> ( <i>x</i> × <i>y</i> × 8)

[Range]       $1 \leq x \leq 255$

$1 \leq y \leq 48$

$x \times y \leq 1536$

$0 \leq d \leq 255$

[Description] Define a downloaded bit image using the dots specified by *x* and *y*.

- *x* indicate the number of bytes in the horizontal direction.
- *y* indicate the number of bytes in the vertical direction.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS / *m***

[Name] Print downloaded bit image.

[Format]    ASCII    GS       /       *m*  
               Hex       1D       2F       *m*  
               Decimal 29       47       *m*

[Range]     $0 \leq m \leq 3$   
                $48 \leq m \leq 51$

[Description] Print a downloaded bit image using the mode specified by *m*. *m* selects a mode from the table below:

<i>m</i>	Mode	Vertical scale	Horizontal scale
0, 48	Normal	x 1	x 1
1, 49	Double-width	x 2	x 1
2, 50	Double-height	x 1	x 2
3, 51	Quadruple	x 2	x 2

**GS :**

[Name] Start/End macro definition.

[Format]    ASCII    GS       :  
               Hex       1D       3A  
               Decimal 29       58

[Description] Start or end macro definition.

**GS B *n***

[Name] Turn white/black reverse printing mode on/off.

[Format]    ASCII    GS       B       *n*  
               Hex       1D       42       *n*  
               Decimal 29       66       *n*

[Range]     $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]     $n = 0$

[Description] Turn on or off white/black reverse printing mode.

- When the LSB is 0, white/black reverse printing mode is turned off.
- When the LSB is 1, white/black reverse printing mode is turned on.

**2. Control Command** - continue**GS H *n***

[Name] Select printing position of HRI characters.

[Format]

ASCII	GS	H	<i>n</i>
Hex	1D	48	<i>n</i>
Decimal	29	72	<i>n</i>

[Default] *n* = 0

[Description] Select the printing position of HRI characters when printing a bar code. *n* selects the printing position as follows:

<i>n</i>	Printing Position
0, 48	Not printed. ( <i>No HRI characters</i> )
1, 49	Above bar code. ( <i>Up</i> )
2, 50	Below bar code. ( <i>Down</i> )
3, 51	Both above and below the bar code. ( <i>Up and Down</i> )

- HRI indicate Human Readable Interpretation.

**GS I *n***

[Name] Transmit printer ID.

[Format]

ASCII	GS	I	<i>n</i>
Hex	1D	49	<i>n</i>
Decimal	29	73	<i>n</i>

[Range] *n* = 112

$1 \leq n \leq 3$

$49 \leq n \leq 51$

$65 \leq n \leq 69$

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS I *n*** - continue

[Description] Transmit the printer ID specified by *n* as follows:

<i>n</i>	Printer ID	Specification	ID (hexadecimal)
1, 49	Printer model ID	ELLIX 20 series	20
2, 50	Type ID	-	02 or 03
3, 51	ROM version ID	Depends on ROM version	01 or 64

- *n* specify the printer information.

<i>n</i>	Printer ID Type	ID
65	Firmware version	Depends on firmware version (e.g : 0x5F + VERSION + 0x00)
66	Manufacturer	Sam4s
67	Printer name	ELLIX30 / ELLIX40 / ELLIX40i / GIANT-100 / ELLIX30III / etc...
68	Product ID	-
69	Type of model	STD ENGLISH or 'BUYER 'spacebar' CODEPAGE'
111	Status of DIP switches	See 'DIP switch status information' on the next sheet

- Type ID (*n* = 2, 50)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Two-byte code characters not supported.
	On	01	1	Two-byte code characters supported.
1	Off	00	0	Auto cutter not installed.
	On	02	2	Auto cutter installed.
2	Off	00	0	Reserved.
3	Off	00	0	Reserved.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS I *n* - continue1st byte of DIP switch status information (*n* = 111)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 1: Off
	On	01	1	DIP1 SW 1: On
1	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 2: Off
	On	02	2	DIP1 SW 2: On
2	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 3: Off
	On	04	4	DIP1 SW 3: On
3	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 4: Off
	On	08	8	DIP1 SW 4: On
4	Off	00	0	Reserved.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	On	40	64	Fixed.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

2nd byte of DIP switch status information (*n* = 111)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 5: Off
	On	01	1	DIP1 SW 5: On
1	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 6: Off
	On	02	2	DIP1 SW 6: On
2	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 7: Off
	On	04	4	DIP1 SW 7: On
3	Off	00	0	DIP1 SW 8: Off
	On	08	8	DIP1 SW 8: On
4	Off	00	0	Reserved.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	On	40	64	Fixed.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS I n** - continue

3rd byte of DIP switch status information (*n = 111*)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 1: Off
	On	01	1	DIP2 SW 1: On
1	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 2: Off
	On	02	2	DIP2 SW 2: On
2	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 3: Off
	On	04	4	DIP2 SW 3: On
3	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 4: Off
	On	08	8	DIP2 SW 4: On
4	Off	00	0	Reserved.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	On	40	64	Fixed.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

4th byte of DIP switch status information (*n = 111*)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 5: Off
	On	01	1	DIP2 SW 5: On
1	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 6: Off
	On	02	2	DIP2 SW 6: On
2	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 7: Off
	On	04	4	DIP2 SW 7: On
3	Off	00	0	DIP2 SW 8: Off
	On	08	8	DIP2 SW 8: On
4	Off	00	0	Reserved.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	On	40	64	Fixed.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS L *nL nH***

[Name] Set left margin.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	L	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Hex	1D	4C	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Decimal	29	76	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>

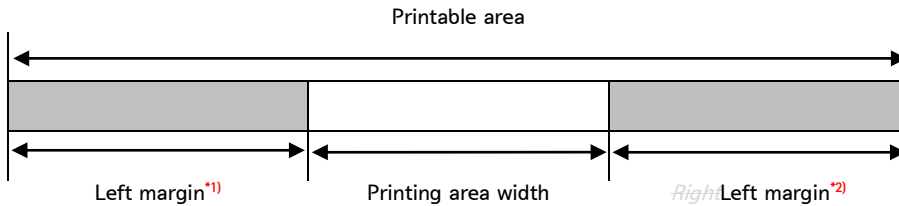
[Range]  $0 \leq nL \leq 255$

$0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Default]  $nL = 0, nH = 0$

[Description] Set the left margin using *nL* and *nH*.

The left margin is set to  $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times \text{horizontal motion unit}]$  inches.



\*1) Applicable models : ELLIX30II/40II/40i Series, ELLIX32/42 Series, ELLIX30III/35III Series

\*2) Applicable models : GIANT-100/GIANT-150/GIANT PRO Series

**GS P *x y***

[Name] Set horizontal and vertical motion units.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	P	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>
	Hex	1D	50	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>
	Decimal	29	80	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq nL \leq 255$

$0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Default]  $x = 180$  (180dpi),       $x = 203$  (203dpi)

$y = 360$  (180dpi),       $y = 406$  (203dpi)

[Description] Set the horizontal and vertical motion unit to approximately  $25.4/x$  mm {  $1/x$  inch } and approximately  $25.4/y$  mm {  $1/y$  inches } respectively.

When  $x$  and  $y$  are set to 0, the default setting of each value is used.



2. Control Command - continue

① GS V m ② GS V m n

[Name] Select cut mode and cut paper.

[Format] ① ASCII GS V m ② ASCII GS V m n  
 Hex 1D 56 m Hex 1D 56 m n  
 Decimal 29 86 m Decimal 29 86 m n

[Range] ① m = 1, 49 ② m = 66, 67, 0 ≤ n ≤ 255

[Description] Select a mode for cutting paper and executes paper cutting. The value of m selects the mode as follows:

m	Print Mode
0, 1, 49	Partial-Cut ( <i>one point in the center is not cut</i> )
66	Feeds paper (cutting position + [n × (Vertical Motion Unit)] ), and cuts the paper partially ( <i>Partial-Cut; one point in the center is not cut</i> )
67	Feeds paper (cutting position + [n × (Vertical Motion Unit)] ), and cuts the paper full. ( <i>Full-Cut</i> )

• GIANT-100, GIANT-150 and GIANT PRO does not support 'Full-Cut' function.

GS W nL nH

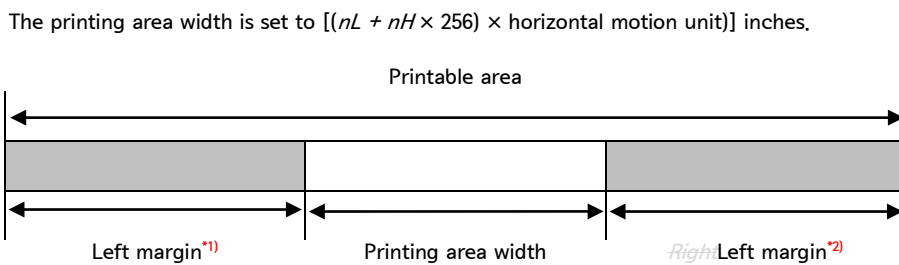
[Name] Set printing area width.

[Format] ASCII GS W nL nH  
 Hex 1D 57 nL nH  
 Decimal 29 87 nL nH

[Range] 0 ≤ nL ≤ 255 0 ≤ nH ≤ 255

[Default] (nL + nH × 256) = 512 (nL = 0, nH = 2) (for 80 mm of the paper width in 180dpi printer)  
 (nL + nH × 256) = 360 (nL = 104, nH = 1) (for 58 mm of the paper width in 180dpi printer)  
 (nL + nH × 256) = 576 (nL = 64, nH = 2) (for 80 mm of the paper width in 203dpi printer)  
 (nL + nH × 256) = 384 (nL = 192, nH = 1) (for 58 mm of the paper width in 203dpi printer)

[Description] Set the printing area width to the area specified by nL and nH.



\*1) Applicable models : ELLIX30II/40II/40i Series, ELLIX32/42 Series, ELLIX30III/35III Series

\*2) Applicable models : GIANT-100/GIANT-150/GIANT PRO Series

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS \ *nL nH***

[Name] Set relative vertical print position in page mode

[Format]	ASCII	GS	\	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Hex	1D	5C	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>
	Decimal	29	92	<i>nL</i>	<i>nH</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq nL \leq 255$   
 $0 \leq nH \leq 255$

[Description] Set the relative vertical print starting position from the current position in page mode.  
 This command sets the distance from the current position to  $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times \text{vertical or horizontal motion unit}]$  inches.

**GS ^ *r t m***

[Name] Execute macro.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	^	<i>r</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>m</i>
	Hex	1D	5E	<i>r</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>m</i>
	Decimal	29	94	<i>r</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>m</i>

[Range]  $m = 0, 1$        $0 \leq r \leq 255$   
 $0 \leq t \leq 255$

[Description] • *r* specify the number of times to execute the macro.  
 • *t* specify the waiting time for executing the macro.  
 • *m* specify macro executing mode.  
 • When the LSB of  $m = 0$ , the macro executes *r* times continuously at the interval specified by *t*.  
 • When the LSB of  $m = 1$ , after waiting for the period specified by *t*, the PAPER OUT LED indicator blink and the printer wait for the FEED button to be pressed. After the button is pressed, the printer executes the macro once.  
 The printer repeats the operation *r* times.

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS a n**

[Name] Enable/Disable Automatic Status Back.

[Format] ASCII GS a n  
 Hex 1D 61 n  
 Decimal 29 97 n

[Range]  $0 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]  $n = 0$

[Description] Enable or disable ASB and specifies the status items to include, using  $n$  as follows:

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Status for ASB
0	Off	00	0	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 status disabled.
	On	01	1	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 statuses enabled.
1	Off	00	0	On-line/off-line disabled.
	On	02	2	On-line/off-line enabled.
2	Off	00	0	Error status disabled.
	On	04	4	Error status enabled.
3	Off	00	0	Paper roll sensor status disabled.
	On	08	8	Paper roll sensor status enabled.
4-7	-	-	-	Undefined.

The status to be transmitted is the four bytes that follow:

- First byte (printer information)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Fixed.
1	Off	00	0	Fixed.
2	Off	00	0	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 is LOW.
	On	04	4	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 is HIGH.
3	Off	00	0	On-line.
	On	08	8	Off-line.
4	On	10	16	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Cover is closed.
	On	20	32	Cover is open.
6	Off	00	0	Paper is not being fed by using the paper FEED button.
	On	40	64	Paper is being fed by using the paper FEED button.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

## 2. Control Command - continue

GS a n - continue

If the cover is open, the printer goes offline.

## ● Second byte (printer information)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Not in on-line waiting status.
	On	01	1	During on-line waiting status.
1	Off	00	0	Panel button OFF.
	On	02	2	Panel button ON.
2	Off	00	0	No mechanical error.
	On	04	4	Mechanical error has occurred.
3	Off	00	0	No auto cutter error.
	On	08	8	Auto cutter error occurred.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	No unrecoverable error.
	On	20	32	Unrecoverable error has occurred.
6	Off	00	0	No automatically recoverable error.
	On	40	64	Automatically recoverable error has occurred.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

## ● Third byte (paper sensor information)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Roll paper near-end sensor: Paper adequate.
	On	01	1	Roll paper near-end sensor: Paper near end.
1	Off	00	0	Roll paper near-end sensor: Paper present.
	On	02	2	Roll paper near-end sensor: Paper not present.
2	Off	00	0	Roll paper end sensor: Paper present.
	On	04	4	Roll paper end sensor: Paper not present.
3	Off	00	0	Roll paper end sensor: Paper present.
	On	08	8	Roll paper end sensor: Paper not present.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

2. Control Command - continue

GS a n - continue

The paper roll end sensor is unstable when the cover is open.

- Fourth byte (paper sensor information)

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	On	01	1	Reserved.
1	On	02	2	Reserved.
2	On	04	4	Reserved.
3	On	08	8	Reserved.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

[Note] Any accumulated ASB status signals left for transmission from the last to the newest ASB status transmission shall be transmitted together at one time as one ASB status, showing the presence of change, followed by the latest ASB status

Example : In the normal (wait,1D 62 0A) state, the ASB status is configured as follows

First Status	Second Status	Third Status	Fourth Status
0001 0100	0000 0000	0000 0000	0000 1111

When a sequence of operations is performed, the near end is detected, the printer cover is opened, and then the printer cover is closed, the following pieces of data are accumulated.

	First Status	Second Status	Third Status	Fourth Status	
①	0001 0100	0000 0000	0000 0011	0000 1111	Near end detection
②	0011 1100	0000 0000	0000 0011	0000 1111	The printer cover is opened
③	0001 0100	0000 0000	0000 0011	0000 1111	The printer cover is closed

When the ASB status is received following this, a total of eight (8) bytes of ASB will be transmitted as follows.

Accumulated ASB (①+②+③)

	First Status	Second Status	Third Status	Fourth Status
Accumulated ASB (①+②+③)	0011 1000	0000 0000	0000 0011	0000 1111

+

	First Status	Second Status	Third Status	Fourth Status
The latest ASB (③)	0001 0100	0000 0000	0000 0011	0000 1111

**2. Control Command** - continue**GS f *n***

[Name] Select font for Human Readable Interpretation (HRI) characters.

[Format]    ASCII    GS        f        *n*  
               Hex        1D        66        *n*  
               Decimal 29        102      *n*

[Range]    *n* = 0, 1, 48, 49

[Default]   *n* = 0

[Description] Select a font for the HRI characters used when printing a bar code. *n* selects a font from the following table:

<i>n</i>	Font
0, 48	Font A (12 × 24)
1, 49	Font B (9 × 17)

**GS h *n***

[Name] Set bar code height.

[Format]    ASCII    GS        h        *n*  
               Hex        1D        68        *n*  
               Decimal 29        104      *n*

[Range]     $1 \leq n \leq 255$

[Default]   *n* = 162

[Description] Set the height of the bar code.

*n* specify the number of dots in the vertical direction.

**① GS k *m* *d1...* *dk* NUL, ② GS k *m* *n* *d1...* *dn***

[Name] Print bar code.

[Format]    ① ASCII   GS        k        *m*        *d1...dk*   NUL  
               Hex        1D        6B        *m*        *d1...dk*   00  
               Decimal 29        107      *m*        *d1...dk*   0  
               ② ASCII   GS        k        *m*        *n*        *d1... dn*  
               Hex        1D        6B        *m*        *n*        *d1... dn*  
               Decimal 29        107      *m*        *n*        *d1... dn*

[Range]    ①  $0 \leq m \leq 6$  (*k* and *d* depends on the bar code system used.)

              ②  $65 \leq m \leq 73$  (*n* and *d* depends on the bar code system used)

**2. Control Command** - continue

① **GS k m d1... dk NUL**, ② **GS k m n d1... dn** - continue

[Description] Select a bar code system and prints the bar-code. *m* select a bar code system as follows:

<i>m</i>	Bar Code System	Number of Characters	Remarks
①	0	UPC-A	$11 \leq k \leq 12$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	1	UPC-E	$11 \leq k \leq 12$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	2	EAN13	$12 \leq k \leq 13$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	3	EAN8	$7 \leq k \leq 8$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	4	CODE 39	$1 \leq k$ $48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 90, 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47$
	5	ITF	$1 \leq k$ (even number) $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	6	CODABAR	$1 \leq k$ $48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 68, 36, 43, 45, 46, 47, 58$
②	65	UPC-A	$11 \leq n \leq 12$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	66	UPC-E	$11 \leq n \leq 12$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	67	EAN13	$12 \leq n \leq 13$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	68	EAN8	$7 \leq n \leq 8$ $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	69	CODE 39	$1 \leq n \leq 255$ $48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 90, 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47$
	70	ITF	$1 \leq n \leq 255$ (even number) $48 \leq d \leq 57$
	71	CODABAR	$1 \leq n \leq 255$ $48 \leq d \leq 57, 65 \leq d \leq 68, 36, 43, 45, 46, 47, 58$
	72	CODE93	$1 \leq n \leq 255$ $0 \leq d \leq 127$
	73	CODE128	$2 \leq n \leq 255$ $0 \leq d \leq 127$

[Note] Description of the CODE128 Bar Code

- In CODE128 bar code system, it is possible to represent 128 ASCII characters and 2-digit numerals using one bar code character that is defined by combining one of the 103 bar code characters and 3 code sets. Each code set is used for representing the following characters

Code set A: ASCII characters 00H to 5FH (w/o lower-case alphabet characters)

Code set B: ASCII characters 20H to 7FH (w/o control and space characters)

Code set C: 2-digits numeral characters using one character (100 numerals from 00 to 99)

- The following special characters are also available in CODE128:

SHIFT character      In code set A, the character just after SHIFT is processed as a character for code set B.  
                                  In code set B, the character just after SHIFT is processed as the character for code set A.  
                                  SHIFT characters cannot be used in code set C.

Code set selection character (CODE-A, CODE-B, CODE-C)

This character switches the following code set to code set A, B, or C.

Function character    (FNC1, FNC2, FNC3, FNC4)

The usage of function characters depends on the application software.

In code set C, only FNC1 is available.

## 2. Control Command - continue

① GS k m d1... dk NUL, ② GS k m n d1... dn - continue

[Code Table] Printable characters in code set A (Code 128A)

Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data	
	Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal
NUL	00	0	#	23	35	F	46	70
SOH	01	1	\$	24	36	G	47	71
STX	02	2	%	25	37	H	48	72
ETX	03	3	&	26	38	I	49	73
EOT	04	4	'	27	39	J	4A	74
ENQ	05	5	(	28	40	K	4B	75
ACK	06	6	)	29	41	L	4C	76
BEL	07	7	*	2A	42	M	4D	77
BS	08	8	+	2B	43	N	4E	78
HT	09	9	,	2C	44	O	4F	79
LF	0A	10	-	2D	45	P	50	80
VT	0B	11	.	2E	46	Q	51	81
FF	0C	12	/	2F	47	R	52	82
CR	0D	13	0	30	48	S	53	83
SO	0E	14	1	31	49	T	54	84
SI	0F	15	2	32	50	U	55	85
DLE	10	16	3	33	51	V	56	86
DC1	11	17	4	34	52	W	57	87
DC2	12	18	5	35	53	X	58	88
DC3	13	19	6	36	54	Y	59	89
DC4	14	20	7	37	55	Z	5A	90
NAK	15	21	8	38	56	[	5B	91
SYN	16	22	9	39	57	\	5C	92
ETB	17	23	:	3A	58	]	5D	93
CAN	18	24	;	3B	59	^	5E	94
EM	19	25	<	3C	60	_	5F	95
SUB	1A	26	=	3D	61	FNC1	7B,31	123,49
ESC	1B	27	>	3E	62	FNC2	7B,32	123,50
FS	1C	28	?	3F	63	FNC3	7B,33	123,51
GS	1D	29	@	40	64	FNC4	7B,34	123,52
RS	1E	30	A	41	65	SHIFT	7B,53	123,83
US	1F	31	B	42	66	CODEB	7B,42	123,66
SP	20	32	C	43	67	CODEC	7B,43	123,67
!	21	33	D	44	68	-	-	-
"	22	34	E	45	69	-	-	-



**2. Control Command** - continue

① **GS k m d1... dk NUL**, ② **GS k m n d1... dn** - continue

[Code Table] Printable characters in code set B (Code 128B)

Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data	
	Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal
SP	20	32	B	42	66	e	65	101
!	21	33	C	43	67	f	66	102
"	22	34	D	44	68	g	67	103
#	23	35	E	45	69	h	68	104
\$	24	36	F	46	70	i	69	105
%	25	37	G	47	71	j	6A	106
&	26	38	H	48	72	k	6B	107
'	27	39	I	49	73	l	6C	108
(	28	40	J	4A	74	m	6D	109
)	29	41	K	4B	75	n	6E	110
*	2A	42	L	4C	76	o	6F	111
+	2B	43	M	4D	77	p	70	112
,	2C	44	N	4E	78	q	71	113
-	2D	45	O	4F	79	r	72	114
.	2E	46	P	50	80	s	73	115
/	2F	47	Q	51	81	t	74	116
0	30	48	R	52	82	u	75	117
1	31	49	S	53	83	v	76	118
2	32	50	T	54	84	w	77	119
3	33	51	U	55	85	x	78	120
4	34	52	V	56	86	y	79	121
5	35	53	W	57	87	z	7A	122
6	36	54	X	58	88	{	7B,7B	123,123
7	37	55	Y	59	89		7C	124
8	38	56	Z	5A	90	}	7D	125
9	39	57	[	5B	91	—	7E	126
:	3A	58	\	5C	92	DEL	7F	127
;	3B	59	]	5D	93	FNC1	7B,31	123,49
<	3C	60	^	5E	94	FNC2	7B,32	123,50
=	3D	61	_	5F	95	FNC3	7B,33	123,51
>	3E	62	`	60	96	FNC4	7B,34	123,52
?	3F	63	a	61	97	SHIFT	7B,53	123,83
@	40	64	b	62	98	CODEA	7B,41	123,66
A	41	65	c	63	99	CODEC	7B,43	123,67
-	-	-	d	64	100	-	-	-

## 2. Control Command - continue

① GS k m d1... dk NUL, ② GS k m n d1... dn - continue

[Code Table] Printable characters in code set C (Code 128C)

Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data		Character	Transmit Data	
	Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal		Hex	Decimal
00	00	0	35	23	35	70	46	70
01	01	1	36	24	36	71	47	71
02	02	2	37	25	37	72	48	72
03	03	3	38	26	38	73	49	73
04	04	4	39	27	39	74	4A	74
05	05	5	40	28	40	75	4B	75
06	06	6	41	29	41	76	4C	76
07	07	7	42	2A	42	77	4D	77
08	08	8	43	2B	43	78	4E	78
09	09	9	44	2C	44	79	4F	79
10	0A	10	45	2D	45	80	50	80
11	0B	11	46	2E	46	81	51	81
12	0C	12	47	2F	47	82	52	82
13	0D	13	48	30	48	83	53	83
14	0E	14	49	31	49	84	54	84
15	0F	15	50	32	50	85	55	85
16	10	16	51	33	51	86	56	86
17	11	17	52	34	52	87	57	87
18	12	18	53	35	53	88	58	88
19	13	19	54	36	54	89	59	89
20	14	20	55	37	55	90	5A	90
21	15	21	56	38	56	91	5B	91
22	16	22	57	39	57	92	5C	92
23	17	23	58	3A	58	93	5D	93
24	18	24	59	3B	59	94	5E	94
25	19	25	60	3C	60	95	5F	95
26	1A	26	61	3D	61	96	60	96
27	1B	27	62	3E	62	97	61	97
28	1C	28	63	3F	63	98	62	98
29	1D	29	64	40	64	99	63	99
30	1E	30	65	41	65	FNC1	7B,31	123,49
31	1F	31	66	42	66	CODEA	7B,41	123,65
32	20	32	67	43	67	CODEB	7B,42	123,66
33	21	33	68	44	68	-	-	-
34	22	34	69	45	69	-	-	-

**2. Control Command** - continue

**GS r n**

[Name] Transmit status.

[Format]     ASCII     GS        r        n  
               Hex     1D        72       n  
               Decimal 29        114      n

[Range]        n = 1, 2, 49, 50

[Description] Transmit the status specified by n as follows.

n	Function
1, 49	Transmits paper sensor status.
2, 50	Transmits drawer kick-out connector status.

- Paper sensor status (n = 1, 49) :

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0, 1	Off	00	0	Roll paper near-end sensor: paper adequate.
	On	03	3	Roll paper near-end sensor: paper near end.
2, 3	Off	00	0	Roll paper end sensor: paper present.
	On	0C	12	Roll paper end sensor: paper not present.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
6	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

- Bits 2 and 3 : This command cannot be executed, since the printer goes offline when the roll paper end sensor detects that the paper is not present. Therefore, the status of bit 2 (1) and bit 3 (1) is not transmitted.

- Drawer kick-out connector status (n = 2, 50) :

Bit	ON/OFF	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 is LOW.
	On	01	1	Drawer kick-out connector pin 3 is HIGH.
1	Off	00	0	Reserved.
2	Off	00	0	Reserved.
3	Off	00	0	Reserved.
4	Off	00	0	Fixed.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
5	Off	00	0	Reserved.
7	Off	00	0	Fixed.

## 2. Control Command - continue

**GS v 0 m xL xH yL yH d1...dk**

[Name] Print raster bit image

[Format]	ASCII	GS	v	0	<i>m</i>	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>
	Hex	1D	76	30	<i>m</i>	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>
	Decimal	29	118	48	<i>m</i>	<i>xL</i>	<i>xH</i>	<i>yL</i>	<i>yH</i>	<i>d1...dk</i>

[Range]  $0 \leq m \leq 3$   $48 \leq m \leq 51$

$0 \leq (xL + xH \times 256) \leq 128$  ( $0 \leq xL \leq 128, xH = 0$ )

$0 \leq (yL + yH \times 256) \leq 4095$  ( $0 \leq yL \leq 255, 0 \leq yH \leq 15$ )

$0 \leq d \leq 255$   $k = (xL + xH \times 256) \times (yL + yH \times 256)$

[Description] Select Raster bit-image mode. The value of *m* selects the mode, as follows:

<i>m</i>	Mode	Vertical scale	Horizontal scale
0, 48	Normal	x 1	x 1
1, 49	Double-width	x 2	x 1
2, 50	Double-height	x 1	x 2
3, 51	Quadruple	x 2	x 2

- *xL, xH*, select the number of data bits ( $xL + xH \times 256$ ) in the horizontal direction for the bit image.
- *yL, yH*, select the number of data bits ( $yL + yH \times 256$ ) in the vertical direction for the bit image.

**GS w n**

[Name] Set bar code width.

[Format]	ASCII	GS	w	<i>n</i>
	Hex	1D	77	<i>n</i>
	Decimal	29	119	<i>n</i>

[Range]  $2 \leq n \leq 6$ [Default]  $n = 3$ [Description] Set the horizontal size of the bar code. *n* specifies the bar code width as follows.

<i>n</i>	Module Width for Multi-Level Bar Code	Binary-Level Bar Code	
		Thin Element Width (mm)	Thick Element Width (mm)
2	0,282	0,282	0,706
3	0,423	0,423	1,129
4	0,564	0,564	1,411
5	0,706	0,706	1,834
6	0,847	0,847	2,258

- Multi-level bar codes are as follows: UPC-A, UPC-E, EAN13, EAN8, CODE93, and CODE128.
- Binary-level bar codes are as follows: CODE39, ITF, and CODABAR

**2. Control Command** - continue

<b>RS</b>
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[Name]        Beep the buzzer

[Format]     ASCII     RS

              Hex        1E

              Decimal 30

## 3. Command Summary [STAR Emulation Mode]

Control	Hexadecimal codes	Function
<ESC> "R" n	1B 52 n	Select International character set
<ESC> <GS> t n	1B 1D 74 n	Select character table
<ESC> "/" "1" <ESC> "/" <1>	1B 2F 31 1B 2F 01	Select slash zero
<ESC> "/" "0" <ESC> "/" <0>	1B 2F 30 1B 2F 00	Select normal zero
<ESC> "b" n1 n2 n3 n4 d1...dk <RS>	1B 62 n1 n2 n3 n4 d1...dk 1E	Select bar code printing
<ESC> "M"	1B 4D	Select 12-dot pitch printing
<ESC> "p"	1B 70	Select 14-dot pitch Printing
<ESC> "P"	1B 50	Select 15-dot pitch Printing
<ESC> ":"	1B 3A	Select 16-dot pitch Printing
<ESC> <SP> n	1B 20 n	Set character spacing
<SO>	0E	Sets the printing magnified double in character width.
<DC4>	14	Resets the printing magnified in character width.
<ESC> "W" n	1B 57 n	Sets the magnification rate in character width.
<ESC> <SO>	1B 0E	Sets the printing magnified double in character height.
<ESC> <DC4>	1B 14	Resets the printing magnified in character height.
<ESC> "h" n	1B 68 n	Sets the magnification rate in character height.
<ESC> "-" "1" <ESC> "-" <1>	1B 2D 31 1B 2D 01	Select underlining
<ESC> "_" "1" <ESC> "_" <1>	1B 5F 31 1B 5F 01	Select overlining
<ESC> "4"	1B 34	Select White/Black reverse printing
<ESC> "5"	1B 35	Cancel White/Black reverse printing
<SI>	0F	Inverted printing

3. Command Summary [STAR Emulation Mode] - continue

Control	Hexadecimal codes	Function
<DC2>	12	Cancel inverted printing
<ESC> "E"	1B 45	Select emphasized printing
<ESC> "F"	1B 46	Cancel emphasized printing
<ESC> "C" n	1B 43 n	Set page length in lines
<ESC> "C" <0> n	1B 43 00 n	Set page length in inches
<ESC> "N" n	1B 4E n	Set bottom margin
<ESC> "O"	1B 4F	Cancel bottom margin
<ESC> "I" n	1B 6C n	Set left margin
<ESC> "Q" n	1B 51 n	Set right margin
<LF>	0A	Line Feed
<ESC> "a" n	1B 61 n	Feed paper n lines
<FF>	0C	Form Feed
<HT>	09	Horizontal tab
<VT>	0B	Vertical tab
<ESC> "z" "1"	1B 7A 31	Set line spacing to 4mm
<ESC> "0"	1B 30	Set line spacing to 3mm
<ESC> "J" n	1B 4A n	One time n/4 mm feed
<ESC> "I" n	1B 49 n	One time n/8 mm feed
<ESC> "B" n1 n2... <0>	1B 42 n1 n2 ... 00	Set vertical tab stops
<ESC> "D" n1 n2... <0>	1B 43 n1 n2 ... 00	Set horizontal tab stops
<ESC> <GS> "A" n1 n2	1B 1D 41 n1 n2	Absolute position setting
<ESC> <GS> "R" n1 n2	1B 1D 52 n1 n2	Relative position setting
<ESC> <GS> "a" n	1B 1D 61 n	Alignment
<ESC> "K" n1 n2 d1...dk	1B 4B n1 n2 d1...dk	Print normal density graphics
<ESC> "L" n1 n2 d1...dk	1B 4C n1 n2 d1...dk	Print high density graphics
<ESC> "k" n1 n2 d1...dk	1B 6B n1 n2 d1...dk	Print fine density graphics
<ESC> "X" n1 n2 d1...dk	1B 58 n1 n2 d1...dk	Print fine density graphics
<ESC> <FS> "p" n m	1B 1C 70 n m	Print NV bit image
<ESC> <FS> "q" n d1...	1B 1C 71 n d1...	Define NV bit image

## 3. Command Summary [STAR Emulation Mode] - continue

Control	Hexadecimal codes	Function
<ESC> "&" "1" "1" " n m1 m2 ... m48	1B 26 31 31 n m1 m2...m48	Define download character
<ESC> "&" <1> <1> n m1 m2...m48	1B 26 01 01 n m1 m2...m48	
<ESC> "&" "1" "0" n	1B 26 31 30 n	Delete a download character
<ESC> "&" <1> <0> n	1B 26 01 00 n	
<ESC> "% " "1"	1B 25 31	Enable download character set
<ESC> "% " <1>	1B 25 01	
<ESC> "% " "0"	1B 25 30	Disable download character set
<ESC> "% " <0>	1B 25 00	
<ESC> <GS> "*" x y d1...d(xxyx8)	1B 1D 2A x y d1...d(xxyx8)	Definition of download bit image
<ESC> <GS> "/" m	1B 1D 2F m	Printing of download nit image
<ESC> <BEL> n1 n2	1B 07 n1 n2	Define drive pulse width for peripheral device #1
<BEL>	07	Control peripheral device #1
<FS>	1C	Control peripheral device #1 immediately
<EM>	19	Control peripheral device #2
<SUB>	1A	Control peripheral device #2 immediately
<ESC> "d" n	1B 64 n	Partial-cut command to the auto cutter
<CAN>	18	Cancel last line & Initialize printer immediately
<DC3>	13	Deselect printer
<DC1>	11	Set select mode
<RS>	1E	Beep the buzzer
<ESC> "@"	1B 40	Initialize printer
<ENQ>	05	Inquiry (Status inquiry)
<EOT>	04	Near end status inquiry
<ESC> "?" <LF> <NUL>	1B 3F 0A 00	Reset printer hardware (Perform test print)
<ESC> "8" n1 n2 d1...	1B 38 n1 n2 d1...	Registers a logo pattern
<ESC> "9" n1 n2	1B 39 n1 n2	Prints a logo pattern



## 4. Revision History

## History

Rev 1.3(2014/09/01) : Added RS command and etc.

Rev 1.2(2014/02/06) : Fixed FS p, FS q

Rev 1.1(2013/05/22) : Fixed DLE DC 4 *fn a b* (*fn* = 2).

Rev 1.6(2018/08/09) : Fixed

Rev 1.7(2019/01/02) : Fixed multiple strings

Rev 1.8(2019/01/14) : Fixed ESC M command